

2016-17 ANNUAL REPORT



SOMERLEY CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

新百利融資控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
Stock code : 8439

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET (“GEM”) OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE “STOCK EXCHANGE”)

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

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This report, for which the directors (the “Directors”) of Somerley Capital Holdings Limited (the “Company”) collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM of the Stock Exchange (the “GEM Listing Rules”) for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.



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CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil (*Chairman*)
Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie
Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo
Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James
Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo (*Chairman*)
Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James
Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis

Nomination Committee

Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James (*Chairman*)
Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis
Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil

Remuneration Committee

Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis (*Chairman*)
Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo
Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. LAM Yuen Ling Eva

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie
Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

20th Floor
China Building
29 Queen's Road Central
Central
Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman
KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

COMPLIANCE ADVISERS

Somerley Capital Limited
20th Floor
China Building
29 Queen's Road Central
Central
Hong Kong

Halcyon Capital Limited
11th Floor
8 Wyndham Street
Central
Hong Kong



CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited
Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited
Suites 3301-04, 33/F
Two Chinachem Exchange Square
338 King's Road
North Point
Hong Kong

AUDITOR

SHINWING (HK) CPA Limited
43rd Floor
Lee Garden One
33 Hysan Avenue
Causeway Bay
Hong Kong

TRADING STOCK CODE

8439

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.somerleycapital.com



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders,

I am pleased to present to you Somerley Capital Holdings' first Annual Report as a public company.

The start of trading was 28 March 2017 and our year end was three days later, on 31 March 2017 so the past performance relates mainly to the private company. However, I would like to make a few comments about how last year's results should be fairly interpreted. I consider the year's performance was encouraging. Despite the very considerable time of the Company's staff devoted to the preparation of the prospectus and the procedures for the public listing, turnover of HK\$67.9 million was sustained at the level of the year before when we had no such distractions. A small profit before tax of HK\$128,000 was made after deduction of HK\$9.2 million of one-off listing expenses, which will not recur in the current financial year ending 31 March 2018. Largely because these expenses are not deductible for tax purposes, there was a significant tax charge of HK\$2.9 million for the year, which resulted in a loss after tax, but from another perspective the tax charge demonstrates the Group's underlying profitability during the period.

As the Company only traded as a public company for four days in the financial year just ended, it is too early to consider a dividend. However, the Board will place a high priority on the payment of a dividend for future financial periods when the results justify it.

Our balance sheet is much strengthened after the listing, with total assets of over HK\$100 million and net assets of HK\$96.5 million. Our challenge now is to use this enlarged asset base, most of which is highly liquid, in a productive manner. We are actively seeking opportunities to expand and extend our core advisory business.

I would like to thank all my colleagues for successfully maintaining a high level of business activity for the Group despite the demands of the listing. Immediately following the listing, Somerley's staff (excluding controlling shareholders) owned approximately 6.1% of the share capital of Somerley Capital Holdings and had options over a further approximately 7.9% on an enlarged basis. This is intended as a means to provide incentives and promote our staff's commitment to the Group's future and I am confident this will prove effective.

It was encouraging to see over 2,000 applicants for our shares at the IPO, and we look forward to welcoming shareholders to our AGM. We will do our best to prove worthy of your confidence.

The current mood in world financial markets is buoyant, but could be disrupted by various political and economic factors. Hong Kong is a resilient financial centre and I am confident that Somerley is nimble enough to prosper even if the mood turns. We are excited about the prospects for our first full financial year as a public company and look forward to delivering a rewarding performance for 2017–2018.

Yours sincerely,

Martin Sabine

Chairman

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) are principally engaged in providing corporate finance advisory services in Hong Kong. The services of the Group mainly include (i) acting as financial adviser to Hong Kong public listed companies, major shareholders and investors of these companies and parties seeking to control or invest in listed companies in Hong Kong (mostly in transactions which involve the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “Listing Rules”), the GEM Listing Rules and/or the Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Buy-backs (the “Takeovers Code”), which includes acting as arranger in connection with the introduction of investors to listed companies in Hong Kong and/or their major shareholders in a takeover transaction; (ii) acting as independent financial adviser to independent board committees and/or independent shareholders of listed companies in Hong Kong; and (iii) acting as compliance adviser, mostly for newly listed companies in Hong Kong. In addition, the Group also acts as sponsor to initial public offering and listings of shares of companies on the Stock Exchange in Hong Kong (the “IPO”) and has managed and underwritten secondary equity issues in Hong Kong.

Since the Group’s successful listing on GEM of the Stock Exchange on 28 March 2017 (the “Listing”) by way of public offering (the “Public Offering”), there has been no significant change in the business operations of the Group.

The Group’s corporate finance advisory teams have established a solid foundation for its growth, through years of professional experience and understanding of the market. These accumulated experiences enable the teams to understand clients’ needs, help them comply with strict regulatory frameworks and provide them with professional and comprehensive advice. During the year ended 31 March 2017, financial advisory and independent financial advisory engagements have generated a substantial majority of the Group’s revenue. During the year ended 31 March 2017, revenue from acting as sponsor and underwriter was approximately HK\$1.0 million (2016: nil). Developing greater equity capital market business is one of the Group’s significant future plans.

The Group made a profit before tax of approximately HK\$128,000 for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: approximately HK\$11.5 million), after deduction of one-off listing expenses. Largely because these listing expenses are not deductible for tax purposes, the Group incurred a tax charge of approximately HK\$2.9 million (2016: approximately HK\$2.2 million), resulting in a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$2.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: approximately HK\$9.3 million profit attributable to owners of the Company). If the one-off listing expenses of approximately HK\$9.2 million (2016: HK\$1.2 million) were excluded, the adjusted profit for the year ended 31 March 2017 attributable to owners of the Company would have been approximately HK\$6.4 million (2016: approximately HK\$10.5 million), as set out in the table below. The decrease in adjusted profit for the year was because of (i) increase in the employee benefits costs of approximately HK\$2.6 million and (ii) decrease in other income of approximately HK\$1.4 million during the year ended 31 March 2017.

	Year ended 31 March	
	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Profit before tax	128	11,483
(Loss) profit for the year	(2,807)	9,299
Adjusted for:		
One-off listing expenses	9,192	1,241
Adjusted profit for the year	6,385	10,540



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's revenue was primarily derived from (i) advising on transactions or compliance matters under the Listing Rules and/or the Takeovers Code in the capacity of financial advisers; and (ii) giving opinions or recommendations to the independent board committee and/or the independent shareholders of listed companies in the capacity of independent financial advisers.

During the year ended 31 March 2017, revenue generated from acting as financial advisers and independent financial advisers amounted to approximately HK\$56.5 million (2016: approximately HK\$56.0 million), accounting for approximately 83.2% of the Group's total revenue (2016: approximately 82.5%). These are expected to remain the major sources of revenue in the immediate future.

Revenue generated from compliance advisory business amounted to approximately HK\$10.2 million (2016: approximately HK\$11.0 million), accounting for approximately 15.0% of the Group's total revenue (2016: approximately 16.2%).

Revenue of the Group remained steady for the years ended 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2017 at approximately HK\$67.9 million.

Other Income

Other income mainly represented the management service fee income from Somerley International Limited ("SIL"), a fellow subsidiary of the Company. Other income of the Group decreased to approximately HK\$2.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 from approximately HK\$3.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2016, which was mainly due to the cessation of business of SIL during the year in preparation for the Listing.

Employee Benefits Costs

The Group's employee benefits costs primarily consist of salaries, bonus and allowances as well as contributions to the mandatory provident fund for the Directors and employees of the Group. Employee benefits costs increased by approximately 5.7% from HK\$45.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 to approximately HK\$48.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 primarily due to the combined effects of (i) the share-based payments of approximately HK\$6.4 million recognised for the year ended 31 March 2017; (ii) an increment in basic salary for the year ended 31 March 2017; and (iii) a decrease in bonus.

Other Operating Expenses

The Group's other operating expenses increased to approximately HK\$20.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 from approximately HK\$12.0 million for the year ended 31 March 2016. The increase was mainly due to the recognition of the one-off listing expenses of approximately HK\$9.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: approximately HK\$1.2 million). Besides the one-off listing expenses, other operating expenses were mainly rental expenses, travelling expenses, bad debt expenses in respect of trade receivables and other expenses, including utility expenses, building management fees, telecommunication expenses and insurance expenses.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Income Tax Expense

The Group's income tax expense increased to approximately HK\$2.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2017 from approximately HK\$2.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2016 mainly because both share-based payment expenses of approximately HK\$6.4 million (2016: nil) and listing expenses of approximately HK\$9.2 million (2016: approximately HK\$1.2 million) were not tax deductible for tax purpose in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 March 2017.

Loss for the Year Attributable to Owners of the Company

For the year ended 31 March 2017, loss attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$2.8 million, as compared to approximately HK\$9.3 million profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2016. If the one-off listing expenses of approximately HK\$9.2 million (2016: approximately HK\$1.2 million) were excluded, profit for the year ended 31 March 2017 attributable to owners of the Company would have been approximately HK\$6.4 million (2016: approximately HK\$10.5 million). The decrease in adjusted profit for the year was mainly because of (i) increase in the employee benefits costs of approximately HK\$2.6 million and (ii) decrease in other income of approximately HK\$1.4 million during the year ended 31 March 2017.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As at 31 March 2017, the Group's current ratio was approximately 18.0, compared to approximately 2.4 as at 31 March 2016, which was mainly due to the increase of cash and cash equivalents boosted by the unutilised proceeds of the Public Offering of shares of the Company (the "Shares"). As at 31 March 2017, the Group's cash and cash equivalents totalled approximately HK\$90.5 million (2016: approximately HK\$35.9 million).

As at 31 March 2016 and 2017, the Group had no banking facilities and no borrowings.

As at 31 March 2017, the Group's cash and cash equivalents, except a small aggregate amount of approximately HK\$27,000 in foreign currencies converted for travel purposes (including Renminbi, United States Dollar, Euro, Great Britain Pound and Malaysia Ringgit), were held in Hong Kong dollars.

The Directors are of the view that at the date hereof the Group's financial resources are sufficient to support its business and operations.

Foreign Exchange Exposure

The majority of the Group's revenue is denominated in Hong Kong dollars and the Group's accounts are prepared in Hong Kong dollars. Consequently, the exposure to the risk of foreign exchange rate fluctuations for the Group is not material.

Capital Structure

On 28 March 2017 (the "Listing Date"), the Company's Shares were successfully listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange. Since then, the Group's capital structure has not changed. The Group's equity consists only of ordinary Shares.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Future Plans for Material Investments or Capital Assets

As at 31 March 2017, the Group had capital commitments of approximately HK\$1.8 million (2016: approximately HK\$0.3 million), in respect of information technology enhancement for its Hong Kong office. Save for the business plan disclosed in the prospectus of the Company dated 15 March 2017 (the “Prospectus”) or otherwise disclosed in this annual report, the Group did not have any future plans for material investments or capital assets as at 31 March 2017.

Material Acquisition and Disposal of Subsidiaries

Save for the corporate reorganisation actions disclosed under the note 2 of the consolidated financial statements in this annual report, there were no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the year ended 31 March 2017.

Significant Investments Held

Except for investments in subsidiaries, the Group did not hold any significant investments during the years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017.

Charge on Assets

The Group did not have any charges on its assets as at 31 March 2017 (2016: nil).

Contingent Liabilities

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2017 (2016: nil).

Gearing Ratio

As at 31 March 2017, the Group did not have any borrowings and hence no gearing ratio was applicable (2016: nil).

Dividend

The board of Directors (the “Board”) resolved that no final dividend was recommended payable to the Shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: nil).

Treasury Policies

The credit risk facing the Group is primarily attributable to bank balances and trade receivables. Bank balances are held with leading licensed banks in Hong Kong. The management of the Group regularly reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivable to monitor prompt recovery and if necessary to make adequate impairment losses for irrecoverable amounts.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Employees and Remuneration Policies

As at 31 March 2017, the Group employed 36 employees (2016: 34). For the year ended 31 March 2017, employee benefits costs of the Group (including the Directors' emoluments) were approximately HK\$48.2 million (2016: approximately HK\$45.6 million). Remuneration is determined with reference to market terms and the performance, qualifications and experience of employees in order to attract and retain talented employees. Apart from basic remuneration, share options may be granted under the share option scheme of the Company to eligible employees by reference to the Group's performance as well as the individual's contribution. As disclosed in the Prospectus, the Company adopted a pre-IPO share option scheme on 11 May 2016 and a post-IPO share option scheme on 9 March 2017 to incentivise and retain staff members who have made contributions to the success of the Group. The Directors believe that the compensation packages offered by the Group to its staff are competitive in comparison with market standards and practices.

Use of Proceeds

The net proceeds from the Listing were approximately HK\$55.9 million (based on the final Public Offering price of HK\$2.05 per share), which is slightly above the estimated net proceeds of approximately HK\$54.6 million (estimated on the assumption that the Public Offering price would be HK\$2.00 per share, the midpoint of the range stated in the Prospectus).

The Group adjusted the use of proceeds in the same manner and in the same proportion as shown in the Prospectus, so that approximately HK\$9.1 million, HK\$24.5 million, HK\$7.5 million, HK\$10.8 million and HK\$4.0 million allocated to (i) expanding the corporate finance advisory business; (ii) developing the equity capital markets business; (iii) enhancing the information technology capability of the Group; (iv) expanding office space; and (v) funding of the Group's working capital.

During the Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Group spent approximately HK\$0.4 million to enhance its information technology capability. The unutilised net proceeds have been placed for the time being in interest bearing deposits with a licensed bank in Hong Kong.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The key risks and uncertainties to which the Group is subject are summarised as follows:

- (i) The only operating subsidiary of the Group at present is Somerley Capital Limited (the "Somerley Capital") and any material disruptions to the business of Somerley Capital would adversely affect the business, results of operations and financial condition of the Group;
- (ii) The revenue of the Group is difficult to predict and may be volatile in any given reporting period;
- (iii) Profit margins may be squeezed;
- (iv) Withdrawals and terminations of transactions or defaults or delays in payments by clients may have an adverse impact on the Group's financial performance;
- (v) Somerley Capital is reliant on key management personnel to conduct its business. Failure to retain and motivate them or to attract suitable replacements would have an adverse impact on operations;



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

- (vi) The Group would be exposed to risks from equity capital markets business in cases where the securities underwritten by the Group are undersubscribed or the placing exercises fail to complete;
- (vii) The use of trademark is subject to the trademark usage agreement and such non-exclusive trademark may be adversely affected by acts of Somerley Group Limited (“SGL”);
- (viii) Potential employee misconduct could damage the Group’s reputation, financial position and current and future business relationships with clients;
- (ix) Potential exposure to professional liability and litigation;
- (x) Future business plans may or may not materialise or may not materialise in full;
- (xi) The Group’s internal control system may be subject to failures and limitations;
- (xii) The Group may experience failure in or disruption to its computer systems and data storage;
- (xiii) The Group is operating in a strictly regulated business environment, and any non-compliance with rules and regulations may have material and adverse impact and consequences; and
- (xiv) The corporate finance industry in Hong Kong has a significant number of existing participants and potential new entrants, and is in general highly competitive.

For further elaboration of the risks and uncertainties facing the Group, please refer to the section headed “Risk Factors” in the Prospectus.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Directors believe that the corporate finance advisory service industry in which the Group operates is not a major source of environmental pollution, and the impact of the Group’s operations on the environment is minimal.

The Group is committed to building an environmental-friendly corporation that pays close attention to conserving natural resources. The Group strives to minimise its environmental impact by saving the electricity and encouraging recycle of office supplies and other materials.

During the year, the Group has not been the subject of any environmental claims, lawsuits, penalties or disciplinary actions.



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group's operations are carried out by its only operating subsidiary, Somerley Capital, while the Company itself is an investment holding company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange. Somerley Capital is licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong, and is subject to applicable laws, regulations and codes of relevant regulatory authorities in Hong Kong, such as the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO") and Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing (Financial Institutions) Ordinance (Chapter 615 of the Laws of Hong Kong). During the year and up to the date of this annual report, the Group has complied with all the relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong in all material respects for the business operations of the Group.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES AND CLIENTS

The Directors are of the view that its employees and clients are the keys to the sustainable development of the Group. The Directors believe that the Group maintains good working relations with its employees and endeavors to maintain and improve the quality of service to its clients.

The Group encourages employees to strengthen their knowledge of the financial services industry and provides internal training courses based on case studies.

The Group fosters open dialogue among employees in the belief that people who communicate openly build trust and mutual respect.

The Group maintains ongoing communication with its clients through various channels such as presentation of ideas, calls, emails and meetings.

The Group generally generates new business through its own marketing initiatives and referrals from existing clients and professional firms and from the personal connections of its employees.

OUTLOOK AND PROSPECTS

2017 marks a major milestone in the Group's development history with its Shares being listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange on 28 March 2017. The capital raised from the Listing has provided further financial resources for the Group's future development and the Listing itself has enhanced the Group's standing and profile. Capitalising on the Group's experiences and expertise in corporate finance advisory services and its market knowledge, the Group aims to further strengthen its corporate finance teams to maintain high quality advice and works to clients. The Group believes that income generated from corporate finance advisory business will continue to contribute a majority of the Group's revenue for the financial year ending 31 March 2018.

The Group intends to develop its fund-raising capability in equity capital market transactions. This will enhance the Group's overall ability to serve its corporate clients through both initial public offerings and secondary market fund raising exercises. With long-term active relationships with many listed companies in Hong Kong, the Group is in a good position to offer such services to its clients. The Group also plans to expand its network of professional contacts outside Hong Kong.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board is committed to achieving good corporate governance practices and procedures. The Directors believe that good corporate governance practices are essential to enhance stakeholders' confidence and support. During the period from the commencement of trading in the Shares on the GEM on 28 March 2017 to 31 March 2017 (the "Period"), the Company has complied with the code provisions prescribed in the establishment and implementation of the corporate governance guidelines containing principles and code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules except as noted in the paragraph headed "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer".

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

According to the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman and the chief executive of the Company should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the role of the chairman of the Company (the "Chairman") was performed by Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil. The office of the chief executive officer of the Company was not filled; Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth performed the role of Managing Director of the Company's only operating subsidiary, Somerley Capital. Within the Company, decisions are made collectively by the executive Directors and are discussed with management from time to time. The Board believes that this arrangement enables the Company to make decisions, operate and implement follow up actions quickly. This arrangement can help achieve the Company's objectives efficiently and effectively in response to the changing environment. The Board also believes that the Company already has a strong corporate governance structure in place to ensure effective oversight of management. The Board will keep reviewing the current structure of the Board from time to time and should candidate with suitable knowledge, skill and experience be identified.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board currently consists of six members including three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. They are:

Executive Directors

Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil (*Chairman*) (*appointed on 21 April 2016 and appointed as Chairman on 9 March 2017*)

Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie (*appointed on 21 April 2016*)

Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth (*appointed on 21 April 2016*)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo (*appointed on 9 March 2017*)

Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James (*appointed on 9 March 2017*)

Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis (*appointed on 9 March 2017*)



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

Each of the independent non-executive Directors appointed on 9 March 2017 has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 28 March 2017 which shall continue thereafter unless and until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing. Their appointment is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meeting in accordance with the articles of association of the Company.

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo, one of the independent non-executive Directors, possesses the appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under rule 5.05(2) of the GEM Listing Rules. All independent non-executive Directors bring substantial experience to the Board and help to ensure that the Board maintains high standards in financial and other mandatory reporting as well as to provide adequate checks for safeguarding the interests of the shareholders and the Company as a whole.

The Company has complied with rule 5.05 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors, with at least one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. The management of the Company is of the view that the membership of the Board represents suitable background and industry expertise to oversee and operate the Company efficiently and safeguard the interests of the various stakeholders of the Company. The Company has received written confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of his independence pursuant to the requirement of rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the GEM Listing Rules.

Pursuant to article 83 of the articles and association of the Company, Directors appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting and shall be eligible for re-election. Accordingly, Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil, Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie, Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth, Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo, Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James and Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis shall hold office only until the forthcoming general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the general meeting.

The Board is responsible for running the Group and executing the strategies adopted by the Board. They ensure that proper risk management and internal control systems are in place and that the Group's business conforms to applicable laws and regulations.

The Board may delegate any of its powers, authorities and discretions to committees consisting of such Director or Directors and other persons as the Board thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke such delegation or revoke the appointment of and discharge any such committees either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes, but every committee so formed must, in the exercise of the powers, authorities and discretions so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board.

Each of the Directors' biographical information is set out on 24 to 26 of this annual report. All Directors have given sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group and each of them has sufficient experience to hold the position so as to carry out his duties effectively and efficiently. There is no relationship among the members of the Board except that Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil and Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie are acting in concert in respect of their interests in the Company.

The Company maintains appropriate directors' and officers' liabilities insurance.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

Pursuant to the CG Code, the Board has adopted a board diversity policy. The Company believes that board diversity is a key element for the Company to maintain sound corporate governance, realise sustainable development and achieve strategic objectives. The Company believes that board diversity enhances decision-making capability and a diverse board is more effective in dealing with organisational changes. The Company considers that the concept of diversity incorporates a number of different aspects, such as professional experiences, business perspectives, skills, knowledge, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity and length of service. For the purpose of implementation of the board diversity policy, the following measurable objectives were adopted:

Independence: The Board should include a balanced composition of executive and non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) so that there is a strong element of independence in the Board. The independent non-executive Directors shall be of sufficient calibre and stature for their views to carry weight.

Gender: The Company is committed to maintaining an environment of respect for people regardless of their gender in all business dealings and achieving a workplace environment free of harassment and discrimination on the basis of gender, physical or mental state, race, nationality, religion, age or family status. The same principle is applied to the selection of potential candidates for appointment to the Board.

Nationality and ethnicity: To cope with the diversified portfolio of the Company's businesses, the Company aspires to having a board of directors of different nationality or ethnic backgrounds who can contribute their knowledge and understanding of the environment in which the Company operates its business.

Skills and experience: The Board possesses a balance of skills appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company. The Directors have a mix of finance, academic and management backgrounds that taken together provide the Company with considerable experience in a range of activities.

Apart from the above objectives, the board diversity policy has the following objectives to comply with the GEM Listing Rules:

1. at least one third of the members of the Board shall be independent non-executive Directors;
2. at least three of the members of the Board shall be independent non-executive Directors; and
3. at least one of the members of the Board shall have obtained appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Board has achieved the measurable objectives under board diversity policy during the Period.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a nomination committee (the “Nomination Committee”) with specific written terms of reference in line with the code provisions under the CG Code. The Nomination Committee consists of three members comprising two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James and Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis, and one executive Director namely Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil. Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James is the chairman of the Nomination Committee. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are mainly reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying individuals suitably qualified as potential members of the Board, assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, selecting or making recommendations on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships and succession planning for the Directors in particular the Chairman and the chief executive of the Company (the “Chief Executive”). When identifying suitable director candidates, and making recommendation to the Board, the Nomination Committee would take into consideration various candidates in view of their respective background of education, experience, expertise within the industry and past directorships. The Nomination Committee also monitors the implementation of the board diversity policy and reports to the Board on the achievement of the measurable objectives for achieving diversity under the board diversity policy. The Nomination Committee will review the board diversity policy, as appropriate, to ensure its effectiveness and discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

During the Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board. The Nomination Committee will continue to review whether additional member of the Board may be desirable.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Pursuant to rule 5.34 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has set up a remuneration committee (the “Remuneration Committee”), establishing authority and duties under its specific terms of reference. The Remuneration Committee consists of three members comprising two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo and Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis, and one executive director, namely Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie. Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are mainly making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy relating to the Directors and senior management of the Group, reviewing performance-based remuneration, determining with delegated responsibility the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management of the Group and ensuring none of the Directors determines their own remuneration. During the Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee has reviewed the remuneration package of the Directors and senior management of the Group.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an audit committee (the “Audit Committee”) with specific written terms of reference formulated in accordance with the requirements of rules 5.28 to 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Audit Committee currently consists of all the three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo, Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James and Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis. Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo is the chairman of the Audit Committee. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are mainly reviewing the annual reports and accounts, half-year reports and quarterly reports of the Group, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and dismissal of external auditors, providing advice in respect of financial reporting, supervising risk management and internal control systems of the Group, reviewing the effectiveness of the internal audit function and monitoring any continuing connected transaction.

During the Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee held 1 meeting to review, assess and comment on the consolidated final results for the year ended 31 March 2017. It has also reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems and internal audit functions of the Group. The preparation of the consolidated results is in compliance with applicable accounting principles and practices adopted by the Company and the requirements of the Stock Exchange, and adequate disclosure has been made.

PRACTICE AND CONDUCT OF MEETINGS

The schedule and agenda of each meeting are made available to the Directors in advance such that each Director is given an opportunity to provide his/her input to the agenda items. Advance notice of at least 14 days is given for a regular Board meeting. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notices are generally given.

Minutes of all Board meetings recording sufficient details of matters considered and decisions reached are circulated to the Directors and open for inspection by the Directors.

The Company’s articles of association contain provisions requiring the Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors well in advance before each Board meeting or Board committee meeting to keep the Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

During the Period and up to the date of this annual report, the attendance of each member of the above committee meetings and the board meetings are recorded as below:

Name of Directors	Number of meetings attended/Number of meetings held				
	Board Meeting	Audit Committee Meeting	Remuneration Committee Meeting	Nomination Committee Meeting	General Meeting
<i>Executive Directors:</i>					
Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil	1/1	—	—	1/1	0/0
Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie	1/1	—	1/1	—	0/0
Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth	1/1	—	—	—	0/0
<i>Independent Non-executive Directors:</i>					
Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo	1/1	1/1	1/1	—	0/0
Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James	1/1	1/1	—	1/1	0/0
Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	0/0

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

According to code provision D.3 of the CG Code, the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties of the Company. The Board shall have the following duties and responsibilities for performing the corporate governance duties of the Company:

1. to develop and review the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations;
2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Group;
3. to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and the Directors; and
5. to review the Group's compliance with the corporate governance code as set out in the GEM Listing Rules and disclosure in the corporate governance report and in annual report of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The analysis of the auditor's remuneration for the financial year under review is presented as follow:

	Fee Amount
	HK'000
Audit Service	350
Non-audit Services (Note)	988
Total	1,338

Note: Non-audit services represented professional services rendered as reporting accountants in relation to the listing of the Shares on GEM of the Stock Exchange and other review services.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the accounts. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group has selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently. The Group has consistently adopted all the new and revised Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs"), Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, amendments and interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "new and revised HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants which are effective for year ended 31 March 2017. A statement by the auditor about their reporting responsibilities is set out in the auditors' report on the financial statements.

REMUNERATION POLICY FOR DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The remuneration of the executive Directors and senior management is subject to review and approval by the Remuneration Committee and the remuneration of the non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) is subject to approval by the Board. The Group's remuneration policies are formulated based on the performance of individual Director and senior management and are reviewed regularly. Individual executive Director is entitled to a discretionary bonus of a sum to be determined by the Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board at its absolute discretion having regard to the operating results of the Group and the performance of the Director. The Director shall abstain from voting and shall not be counted in the quorum in respect of the resolution regarding the amount so payable to him. Apart from basic remuneration, share options may be granted under the share option scheme of the Company to eligible employees by reference to the Group's performance as well as the individual's contribution. Moreover, as disclosed in the Prospectus, the Company adopted a pre-IPO share option scheme on 11 May 2016 and a post-IPO share option scheme on 9 March 2017 to incentivise and retain staff members who have made contribution to the success of the Group. The Directors believe that the compensation packages offered by the Group to its staff are competitive in comparison with market standards and practices.

Details of the share option scheme are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" of this annual report.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the issued Shares worth not less than HK\$30 million pursuant to rule 11.23 of the GEM Listing Rules as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (“ESG”)

The Stock Exchange introduced ESG Reporting Guide in Appendix 20 of the GEM Listing Rules which took effective in 2015. We have considered and adopted the ESG Reporting Guide in the writing of our reports. Please refer to pages 48 to 53.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

Each of SGL, Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil, Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie and Mr. FLETCHER John Wilfred Sword (the “Controlling Shareholders”) has made a declaration to the Company that during the Period, they have complied with the terms of non-competition undertaking (the “Non-Competition Undertaking”) given in favour of the Company.

Details of the Non-Competition Undertaking are set out in the section headed “Relationship with Controlling Shareholders” of the Prospectus.

The independent non-executive Directors have also reviewed the status of compliance by each of the Controlling Shareholders with the undertakings stipulated in the Non-Competition Undertakings and have confirmed that, as far as the independent non-executive Directors can ascertain, there is no breach of any of such undertakings.

DIRECTORS’ SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as the code of conduct for dealing in securities of the Company by the Directors (the “Required Standard of Dealing”).

Following specific enquiries to all the Directors, each of them has confirmed that they have complied with the Required Standard of Dealings throughout the Period.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE LISTED SHARES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed Shares during the Period.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Pursuant to the code provision A.6.5 under Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules, all directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Each Director received induction on the first occasion of his appointment, so as to ensure that he has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he is sufficiently aware of his responsibilities and obligations under the GEM Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements.

During the year ended 31 March 2017, all Directors participated in continuous professional development regarding their duties and responsibilities under the relevant legal and regulatory requirement which included reading materials in relation to legal or regulatory update and/or attending training courses.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has responsibility for maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reviewing its effectiveness through the Audit Committee. The Board has delegated responsibility to its audit committee to review the Group's risk management and internal control matters annually. The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems so that the Company's objectives can be achieved, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The main features of the risk management and internal control systems are described in the sections below:

Risk Management System

The Group adopts a risk management system which manages the risk associated with its business and operations. The system comprises the following phases:

- Identification: Identify ownership of risks, business objectives and risks that could affect the achievement of objectives.
- Evaluation: Analyse the likelihood and impact of risks and evaluate the risk portfolio accordingly.
- Management: Consider the risk responses, ensure effective communication to the Board and on-going monitor the residual risks.

Based on the risk assessments conducted in 2017, no significant risk was identified.

Internal Control System

The Company has in place an internal control system which is compatible with the Committee of Sponsoring Organisations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") 2013 framework. The framework enables the Group to achieve objectives regarding effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The components of the framework are shown as follow:

- Control Environment: A set of standards, processes and structures that provide the basis for carrying out internal control across the Group.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

- **Risk Assessment:** A dynamic and iterative process for identifying and analysing risks to achieve the Group's objectives, forming a basis for determining how risks should be managed.
- **Control Activities:** Action established by policies and procedures to help ensure that management directives to mitigate risks to the achievement of objectives are carried out.
- **Information and Communication:** Internal and external communication to provide the Group with the information needed to carry out day-to-day controls.
- **Monitoring:** Ongoing and separate evaluations to ascertain whether each components of internal control is present and functioning.

In order to enhance the Group's system of handling inside information, and to ensure the truthfulness, accuracy, completeness and timeliness of its public disclosures, the Group also adopts and implements an inside information policy and procedures. Certain reasonable measures have been taken from time to time to ensure that proper safeguards exist to prevent a breach of a disclosure requirement in relation to the Group, which include:

- The access of information is restricted to a limited number of employees on a need-to-know basis. Employees who are in possession of inside information are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentiality.
- Confidentiality agreements are in place when the Group enters into significant negotiations.
- The Executive Directors are designated persons who speak on behalf of the Company when communicating with external parties such as the media, analysts or investors.

Based on the internal control reviews conducted in 2017, no significant control deficiency was identified.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTIONS

The Group has engaged an independent professional adviser (the "Internal Control Advisor") to carry out the internal audit functions by performing independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The Internal Control Advisor has conducted an annual review of and made recommendations to improve the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

The Internal Control Advisor is independent of the Group's daily operation and carries out appraisal of the risk management and internal control systems by conducting interviews, walkthroughs and tests of operational effectiveness.

An internal audit plan has been approved by the Board. According to the established plan, review of the risk management and internal control systems is conducted annually and the results are reported to the Board via the Audit Committee afterwards.

EFFECTIVENESS OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and ensuring review of the effectiveness of these systems has been conducted annually. Several areas have been considered during the Board's review, which include but are not limited to (i) the changes in the nature and extent of significant risks since the last annual review, and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment (ii) the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control systems.

The Board, through its review and the review made by internal audit function and Audit Committee, concluded that the risk management and internal control systems were effective and adequate. Such systems, however, are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. It is also considered that the resources, staff qualifications and experience of relevant staff were adequate and the training programs and budget provided were sufficient.

Investors' Relations

The Company encourages two-way communications with its shareholders. Extensive information about the Company's activities is provided in our quarterly, interim and annual reports to be sent to the shareholders. Enquiries from individuals on matters relating to their shareholdings or the business of the Company are welcomed and will be dealt with in an informative and timely manner. In order to promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website on which financial and other information relating to the Group and its business are disclosed.

Shareholders' Rights to Nominate a Director

If a shareholder of the Company (the "Shareholder") wishes to propose a person (the "Candidate") for election as a director of the Company (the "Director") at a general meeting, he/she should deposit (i) a written notice (the "Proposal Notice") of the intention to propose the Candidate for election as a Director; and (ii) a written notice (the "Consent Notice") signed by the Candidate of his/her willingness to be elected at either of the following addresses during a period of at least 7 days commencing no earlier than the day immediately after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting and ending no later than 7 days before the date of such general meeting to the headquarters, head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong at 20th Floor, China Building, 29 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong or the registered office of the Company in Cayman Islands at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Proposal Notice must be accompanied by the information of the Candidate as required by rule 17.50(2) of the GEM Listing Rules and must be signed by the Shareholder proposing the Candidate for election as a Director. The Consent Notice must indicate his/her willingness to be elected and consent of the publication of his/her information as required by rule 17.50(2) of the GEM Listing Rules and must be signed by the Candidate.

Shareholders' Rights on Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting

Pursuant to article 58 of the articles of association of the Company, any one or more shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company and carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself/herself/themselves may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may at any time make a request for information about the Company to the extent that such information is publicly available to the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") who is responsible for forwarding communications relating to the Board or ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and complaints, to the Directors of the Company. Shareholders may also send their enquiries to our email at somerley@somerley.com.hk or send them directly to our office at 20th Floor, China Building, 29 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong.

Putting forward Proposals at a General Meeting

Shareholders are welcome to put forward proposals relating to the operations and management of the Group to be discussed at shareholders' meeting. Proposal shall be sent to the Company Secretary at our office or the Share Registrar "Union Registrars Limited" at the abovementioned address of the Company by written requisition. Shareholders who wish to put forward a proposal should convene an extraordinary general meeting by following the procedures set out in "Shareholders' Rights on Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting" above.

Company Secretary

The Company Secretary, Ms. LAM Yuen Ling Eva ("Ms. Lam"), is delegated by an external service provider. The external service provider's primary contact person at the Company is Mr. PANG Mo Cheung, the financial controller of the Group. Ms. Lam has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training to update her skills and knowledge during the year ended 31 March 2017.



BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil (“Mr. Sabine”), aged 69, was appointed as a Director on 21 April 2016 and designated as an executive Director and appointed as Chairman on 9 March 2017. He is also the chairman of Somerley Capital, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. He is also a member of the Nomination Committee and the compliance officer of the Company. Mr. Sabine is responsible for overseeing business development of the Group, cultivating long-term client relationship, introducing new clients and projects, monitoring industry developments and liaising with team heads and members on specific transactions. He graduated with a Bachelor of Arts degree from the University of Oxford in July 1969. He was awarded a Thouron Scholarship to attend the Wharton Graduate School of Business of the University of Pennsylvania in that year. He received a Master’s Degree in Business Administration from the Wharton Graduate School of Business and was elected to the Beta Gamma Sigma honour society in April 1971.

After graduation, Mr. Sabine worked in the financial field in London before coming to Hong Kong in 1977. After working in the corporate finance department of Wardley Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited until 1983, latterly as a director, he set up SIL in 1983. Since that time, SIL and now Somerley Capital have developed into one of the most active firms in the corporate finance advisory field in Hong Kong. Mr. Sabine is the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company and Somerley Capital. He has acted as a Responsible Officer for Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities and a responsible officer or an executive officer appointed by the listing sponsor to be in charge of the supervision of the team appointed to carry out a listing assignment (“Principal”) since 2 October 2013.

Mr. Sabine has written a book on corporate finance (which is entitled *Corporate Finance: Flotations, Equity Issues and Acquisitions*), which has been translated into Chinese, Italian and Spanish. Mr. Sabine is a member of the Takeovers and Mergers Panel and a fellow of the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute.

Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie (“Mr. Cheung”), aged 46, was appointed as a Director on 21 April 2016 and designated as an executive Director on 9 March 2017. He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee. He joined SIL in March 1996 as assistant manager. He has served as vice president of Somerley Capital since July 2014, responsible for formulating business and corporate strategies and project origination. He has acted as a Licensed Representative for Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities since 14 July 2014. Mr. Cheung has over 20 years’ experience in corporate finance.

Mr. Cheung obtained a Bachelor of Commerce degree from The University of New South Wales in April 1993 and obtained from the Australian Graduate School of Management the degree of Master of Business Administration in July 2004. Mr. Cheung has been a member of CPA Australia since April 1996.

Prior to joining SIL, Mr. Cheung worked in the audit department of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as an accountant between January 1993 and March 1996. During the period between September 2003 and May 2005, Mr. Cheung left SIL and worked in Cazenove Asia Limited in the corporate finance department, involved in its corporate finance advisory services, before rejoining SIL in May 2005.



BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth (“Mr. Chow”), aged 46, was appointed as a Director on 21 April 2016 and designated as an executive Director on 9 March 2017. He joined SIL in May 2006 as director, and has served as managing director since February 2010, responsible for supervising and leading execution of corporate finance projects. Mr. Chow has over 18 years of experience in corporate finance. He is currently a Responsible Officer for Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activity and a Principal. Mr. Chow graduated from The University of New South Wales with a Bachelor of Commerce degree in Accounting in April 1993. He has been a fellow member of the HKICPA since May 2016 and was qualified as a member of CPA Australia and a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia in March 1996 and March 1997 respectively.

Prior to joining SIL, Mr. Chow worked in Haitong International Capital Limited (formerly known as Taifook Capital Limited) for over six years between November 1999 and April 2006, with the last position as director. Mr. Chow also worked in the Listing Division from 1997 to 1999 and Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu from 1993 to 1996.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo (“Mr. Cheng”), aged 56, was appointed as the independent non-executive Director on 9 March 2017. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Cheng is currently the proprietor of Erik Cheng & Co., a certified public accountant practice in Hong Kong. Mr. Cheng obtained a Master of Science (Economics) degree in Accounting and Finance from the London School of Economics in August 1984, and a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) degree in Accounting from the University of Kent in July 1983. He has been a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and the HKICPA since August 1998 and January 1999 respectively, and a member of the Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada since November 1990. Mr. Cheng has more than 30 years of experience in financial and corporate advisory services in mergers, acquisitions and investments. He had worked at Coopers and Lybrand (now known as PricewaterhouseCoopers Ltd.) in London between 1984 and 1987 and Swiss Bank Corporation (now known as UBS AG) in Toronto between 1989 and 1992, and held senior management positions in a number of Hong Kong listed companies.

Mr. Cheng is an independent non-executive director of a number of companies the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, including CSI Properties Limited (stock code: 497), HKC (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 190), C.P. Lotus Corporation (stock code: 121), Goldbond Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 172), CPMC Holdings Limited (stock code: 906), Top Spring International Holdings Limited (stock code: 3688), Chong Hing Bank Limited (stock code: 1111), Liu Chong Hing Investment Limited (stock code: 194), Chia Tai Enterprises International Limited (stock code: 3839), DTXS Silk Road Investment Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 620) and Miricor Enterprises Holdings Limited (stock code: 8358). Besides, Mr. Cheng was an independent non-executive director of Imagi International Holdings Limited (stock code: 585), the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, from July 2010 to January 2016.



BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James, aged 62, was appointed as the independent non-executive Director on 9 March 2017. He is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee. Mr. Higgs is the principal founder and managing director of Environmental Investment Services Asia Limited, incorporated in 2009 as Hong Kong's first independent funds management company specialising in equity investment in the Asian environmental sector. He is also the portfolio manager of the Green Dragon Fund, launched in 2006 and pioneering investments in the emerging low carbon goods and services sector of the Asia Pacific region, having a special focus on China.

Mr. Higgs has extensive experience as a fund manager in Asia. Between 2006 and 2009, he was the managing director at Bowen Capital Management Limited where he launched the Green Dragon Fund. Other positions held in his investment career include general manager and director of IG International Ltd. between 1999 to 2001, managing director of Carlson Investment Management Far East Ltd. between 1993 to 1999, and director of Indosuez Asia Investment Services Limited. between 1987 to 1993. Mr. Higgs is a Trustee of the World Wide Fund for Nature Hong Kong.

Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis, aged 63, was appointed as the independent non-executive Director on 9 March 2017. He is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee. Mr. Yuen is currently a director of Saning Consultants Limited, a consultancy company. He was the managing director of Union Registrars Limited from 2004 to 2014. Prior to this, he had been a director and company secretary of South China Holdings Limited, the businesses of which included diversified financial services in securities and commodities brokerage, manufacturing, media and travel services, for 14 years from 1989 to 2003. He had also served in Sun Hung Kai Securities Limited, a leading Hong Kong securities brokerage and financial service company, for 10 years from 1979 to 1989, where he headed the secretarial and share registration departments. He has been a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, the United Kingdom since August 1994 and April 1989 respectively.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Compliance Officer

Pursuant to rule 5.19 of the GEM Listing Rules, Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil, who is also an executive Director, was appointed as the compliance officer of the Company upon Listing. Please refer to his biography above for details.



BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Mr. NG Ming Wah Charles

Director of Somerley Capital

Mr. Ng, aged 67, joined SIL as a director on 7 September 2007 and was appointed as a director of Somerley Capital on 16 October 2013. He has acted as a Responsible Officer for Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activity since 31 December 2013. He is responsible for supervising and leading the execution of corporate finance projects. Mr. Ng has extensive experience in corporate finance and management and he has had extensive experience in reviewing and analysing in depth financial statements of public companies.

Mr. Ng obtained a bachelor of science degree in electronic and electrical engineering from Loughborough University in England in June 1972 and a master of science degree in business studies from London Graduate School of Business Studies (University of London) in England in July 1974.

Mr. Ng is a fellow member of both the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute and the Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

Mr. Ng is also a non-executive director of Goldlion Holdings Limited (stock code: 533), the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, and acts as a member of each of its audit, remuneration and nomination committees. In addition, Mr. Ng is a member of the Board of Governors of the Hong Kong Arts Centre. During the three years prior to the Latest Practicable Date, Mr. Ng was an independent non-executive director of China Aircraft Leasing Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1848), the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, from 11 September 2013 to 17 May 2016.

Ms. LEUNG Lim Ng Jenny

Director of Somerley Capital

Ms. Leung, aged 47, joined SIL as director in March 2010. She has been a director of Somerley Capital since October 2013. She has acted as a Responsible Officer for Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activity since December 2013. She is responsible for supervising and leading execution of corporate finance projects.

Ms. Leung graduated from University of Birmingham with a bachelor degree in social science in July 1992.

Ms. Leung has over 15 years of experience in corporate finance. In the past, she held senior positions with a number of corporate finance advisory firms and brokerage house including Piper Jaffray Asia Ltd. (from 2006 to 2008 with last position as a principal) and Dao Heng Securities Limited (from 2000 to 2006 with last position as director of corporate finance). She handled various IPOs, merger(s) and acquisition(s) transactions and fund raising exercises.



BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Ms. TAM Sze Ka

Director of Somerley Capital

Ms. Tam, aged 39, joined SIL as senior manager in June 2007. She has served as director of Somerley Capital since October 2013, and has acted as a Responsible Officer for Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activity since 31 December 2013. She is responsible for supervising and leading execution of corporate finance projects. Ms. Tam has over 16 years of experience in corporate finance and has worked in various financial institutions involving in corporate finance.

Ms. Tam graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong, with a bachelor degree in Integrated Business Administration in December 1999. Ms. Tam also obtained a Bachelor of Laws of University of London, United Kingdom, through long-distance learning in August 2007.

Mr. CHING David

Director of Somerley Capital

Mr. Ching, aged 45, is a director of Somerley Capital. He has been a Responsible Officer for Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities and a Principal since 2 October 2013. He is responsible for supervising and leading execution of corporate finance projects. He joined SIL as associate director in November 2007.

He obtained a bachelor of commerce degree from the University of Melbourne in January 1994, a master of business administration from Cornell University in May 2002 and a juris doctor degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in November 2015. He has been a member of CPA Australia since February 1998 and a Chartered Financial Analyst of the CFA Institute since September 2001.

Prior to joining SIL, Mr. Ching worked as a vice president for BOCOM International (Asia) Limited from 2005 to 2007. Mr. Ching also worked for the Listing Division from 1997 to 2000. He has over 15 years of experience in the corporate finance industry.



BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Mr. CHENG Yat Wai

Director of Somerley Capital

Mr. Cheng, aged 40, joined SIL as assistant manager in May 2005. He has served as a director of Somerley Capital since 1 February 2014. He acted as a Responsible Officer for Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities since 30 April 2014. He is responsible for supervising and leading execution of corporate finance projects.

Mr. Cheng graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong, with a Bachelor of Business Administration degree in December 2000. He has been an associate member of the HKICPA since December 2003 and a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since January 2005. He has also been a Chartered Financial Analyst of the CFA Institute since September 2005.

Mr. Cheng has over 16 years of experience in corporate finance, accounting and auditing. From September 2000 to June 2002, Mr. Cheng worked in Arthur Andersen & Co, which is principally engaged in assurance and business advisory services, with last position as staff accountant and the main role of performing auditing of companies. From July 2002 to June 2004, he worked in PricewaterhouseCoopers Ltd., which principally engages in assurance and business advisory services, with last position as senior associate and the main role of in charge of group audits. From June 2004 to April 2005, he worked in Platinum Management Services Limited, which principally engages in corporate finance business, with last position as manager and main role of execution of corporate finance projects.

Mr. WONG C-Tsun

Director of Somerley Capital

Mr. Wong, aged 37, joined SIL as manager in October 2007. He has acted as a director of Somerley Capital since February 2014, and has acted as a Responsible Officer for Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities since 28 April 2014, and is responsible for supervising and leading execution of corporate finance projects.

Mr. Wong graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong, with a bachelor degree of business administration in December 2002. He has been a member of the HKICPA since September 2007, and a Chartered Financial Analyst of the CFA Institute since September 2009.

Mr. Wong has over 13 years of experience in corporate finance, accounting and auditing. From September 2002 to July 2007, Mr. Wong worked in the audit and assurance division of KPMG, with last position as assistant manager.



BIOGRAPHY OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Ms. CHOW Chung Yan Stephanie

Director of Somerley Capital

Ms. Chow, aged 40, joined SIL as manager in September 2007. She has acted as a director of Somerley Capital since October 2015. She has acted as a Responsible Officer for Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities since 15 October 2015, and is responsible for supervising and leading execution of corporate finance projects.

Ms. Chow graduated from the University of Melbourne, with a Degree of Bachelor of Commerce in September 1998. She has been a Certified Practising Accountant of CPA Australia since February 2002 and an associate member of the HKICPA since April 2004.

Ms. Chow has over 13 years of experience in corporate finance and restructuring. From October 2002 to July 2006, Ms. Chow worked in Alvarez & Marsal Asia Limited, an international corporate advisory firm, with last position as senior accountant.

Mr. PANG Mo Cheung

Financial controller of the Group

Mr. Pang, aged 32, joined the Group in January 2014 as financial controller. He is primarily responsible for the overall accounting and financial management of the Group.

Mr. Pang graduated from City University of Hong Kong, with a degree of Bachelor of Business Administration (Honours) in Finance in July 2007. From September 2007 to December 2013, Mr. Pang worked at Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, PricewaterhouseCoopers Ltd. and Ernst & Young, respectively, with the last position as manager in finance services of assurance. He was admitted in January 2011 and is currently a member of HKICPA.

Ms. LAM Yuen Ling Eva

Company secretary

Ms. Lam, aged 50, was appointed as Company Secretary on 9 March 2017. Ms. Lam is a fellow of both The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators with over 20 years of experience in company secretarial services and commercial solutions. She is currently a director of BMI Listed Corporate Services Limited and is responsible for supervising the company secretarial teams to provide full range of listed and private company secretarial services to clients. Ms. Lam obtained a Higher Certificate in Company Secretaryship and Administration from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 1993 and was awarded a degree of Master of Science in Corporate Governance and Directorship by the Hong Kong Baptist University in November 2015.

Ms. Lam is currently the company secretary of several companies the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange.



DIRECTORS' REPORT

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is principally engaged in providing corporate finance advisory services in Hong Kong. The services of the Group mainly included (i) acting as financial adviser to Hong Kong public listed companies, major shareholders and investors of these companies and parties seeking to control or invest in listed companies in Hong Kong (mostly in transactions which involve the Listing Rules, the GEM Listing Rules and/or the Takeovers Code), which includes acting as arranger in connection with the introduction of investors to listed companies in Hong Kong and/or their major shareholders in a takeover transaction; (ii) acting as independent financial adviser to independent board committees and/or independent shareholders of listed companies in Hong Kong; and (iii) acting as compliance adviser, mostly for newly listed companies in Hong Kong. In addition, the Group also acts as sponsor to IPOs in Hong Kong and has managed and underwritten secondary equity issues in Hong Kong.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the business of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future business development are provided in the Chairman's Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 11 of this annual report. Possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing are set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 to 11 of this annual report and the Corporate Governance Report on pages 12 to 23 of this annual report.

CORPORATE REORGANISATION

The Company was incorporated as an exempted company and registered in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 21 April 2016. Pursuant to a group reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") in preparation for the listing of shares of the Company on the GEM of the Stock Exchange, the Company became the holding company of the subsidiaries now comprising the Group on 9 March 2017. Details of the Reorganisation are set out in the section headed "History and Development" of the Prospectus. The Company issued and allotted 35,000,000 new Shares of HK\$0.01 each at a subscription price of HK\$2.05 per Share pursuant to the Public Offering. Upon the crediting of the Company's share premium account as a result of the issue of the Shares pursuant to the Public Offering, the Directors were authorised to capitalise an amount of HK\$800,000 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company by applying such sum to pay up in full at par a total of 80,000,000 Shares for allotment and issue, immediately prior to the Public Offering, to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company as of 9 March 2017, on a pro rata basis. The Shares were listed on the Stock Exchange with effect from 28 March 2017.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The financial performance of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 and the financial position of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements from pages 58 to 103 of this annual report.

The Board resolved that no final dividend was recommended payable to the shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: nil).



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's revenue and contribution to profit or loss for the year by its principal activities is set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last two financial years is set out on page 104.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the Group's property and equipment during the year are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro rate basis to existing shareholders of the Company.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE LISTED SHARES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed shares of the Company during the Period.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2017 and 2016, the Company did not have any distributable reserves. Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$53,000 (2016: HK\$5,000).



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year, the top five customers together accounted for approximately 15.2% (2016: 18.7%) of the Group's revenue and the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 4.0% (2016: 6.0%) of the Group's revenue.

The Group had no major suppliers due to the nature of the principal activities of the Group.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates, or any Shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors own 5% or more of the issued Shares) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE LISTING

The net proceeds from the issue of new shares of the Company, after deduction of the professional fees, underwriting commissions and other fees payable by the Company in connection with the listing, were estimated to be approximately HK\$55.9 million. Up to the date of this annual report, approximately HK\$0.4 million has been utilised. Balance of net proceeds has been approximately HK\$55.5 million.

DIRECTORS

During the Period and up to the date of this annual report, the Directors have been and are:

Executive Directors

Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil (*appointed on 21 April 2016 and appointed as Chairman on 9 March 2017*)

Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie (*appointed on 21 April 2016*)

Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth (*appointed on 21 April 2016*)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo (*appointed on 9 March 2017*)

Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James (*appointed on 9 March 2017*)

Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis (*appointed on 9 March 2017*)

Pursuant to article 83 of the articles of association of the Company, Directors appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting and shall be eligible for re-election. Accordingly, Mr. Sabine, Mr. Cheung, Mr. Chow, Mr. Cheng, Mr. Higgs and Mr. Yuen shall hold office only until the forthcoming general meeting and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the general meeting.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Biographical information on the Directors of the Group is set out on pages 24 to 26 of the annual report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS' SERVICE AGREEMENTS

Each of the executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 28 March 2017, which shall continue thereafter unless and until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other. None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the annual general meeting has an unexpired service agreement with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 March 2017, the Directors and Chief Executive and/or any of their respective associates had the following interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and/or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Part XV of the SFO or the GEM Listing Rules were as follows:

Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company

Name of Directors	Capacity/Nature of interests	Number of ordinary share(s) held	Number of underlying shares held pursuant to share options	Total	Approximate percentage of the total issued shares of the Company
SABINE Martin Nevil	Interest of a controlled corporation	90,449,350 (Note 1)	—	90,449,350	67.00%
	Interest held jointly with other persons	1,291,440	645,717 (Note 3)	1,937,157	1.43%
CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie	Beneficial owner	1,291,440	645,717 (Note 3)	1,937,157	1.43%
	Interest of a controlled corporation	90,449,350 (Note 1)	—	90,449,350	67.00%
CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth	Beneficial owner	3,754,170	1,877,083 (Note 2)	5,631,253	4.17%

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Notes:

1. SGL is directly interested in 90,449,350 shares and SGL is wholly-owned by Mr. Sabine, Mr. FLETCHER John Wilfred Sword ("Mr. Fletcher"), Mr. Cheung and Ms. Fong Sau Man Cecilia, among which Mr. Sabine, Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Cheung are acting in concert in respect of their interests in the Company and therefore, each of Mr. Sabine, Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Cheung is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by them in aggregate by virtue of the SFO.
2. 1,877,083 Shares represent the share options granted to Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth by the Company on 19 May 2016 under the share option scheme approved and adopted by the Company on 11 May 2016 (the "Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme").
3. 645,717 Shares represent the share options granted to Mr. Cheung by the Company under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme on 19 May 2016. As Mr. Sabine, Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Cheung are acting in concert in respect of their interests in the Company and therefore each of Mr. Sabine, Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Cheung is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by them in aggregate by virtue of the SFO.

Interest in the associated corporations

Name of Directors	Name of the associated corporations	Capacity/Nature of interests	Number of ordinary share(s) held	Approximate percentage of the total issued shares of the associated corporations
SABINE Martin Nevil (Note)	Somerley China Associates Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	2 Shares	100%
	Somerley Group Limited	Beneficial interest; interest held jointly with other persons	9,500,000 Shares	90.48%
	Somerley International Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	12,000,000 Shares	100%
CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie (Note)	Somerley China Associates Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	2 Shares	100%
	Somerley Group Limited	Beneficial interest; interest held jointly with other persons	9,500,000 Shares	90.48%
	Somerley International Limited	Interest of a controlled corporation	12,000,000 Shares	100%

Note: SGL is the holding company of the Company and it is the associated corporations by virtue of the SFO. SGL wholly owns Somerley China Associates Limited and SIL so Somerley China Associates Limited and SIL are also associated corporations by virtue of the SFO. Mr. Sabine, Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Cheung are acting in concert in respect of their interests in the Company and they hold approximately 90.48% of the shares of SGL. Therefore, Mr. Sabine and Mr. Cheung are interested in SGL, Somerley China Associates Limited and SIL by virtue of the SFO.



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2017, none of the Directors and Chief Executives and/or any of their respective associates had any interest or short position in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company and/or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Part XV of the SFO or the GEM Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 26 to the consolidated financial statement, no transaction, arrangement or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company or an entity associated with him has or had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at any time during the Period.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company's Articles provides that every Director is entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto provided that such indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of fraud or dishonesty which may attach to the Director.

The Company has taken out and maintained Directors' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover for the Directors.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the Period was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in the Company or any other body corporate.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the Period had the Directors and the Chief Executive (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) any interest in, or been granted, or exercised any rights to subscribe for the shares (or warrants or debentures, as applicable) of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO).

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 March 2017, substantial shareholders (not being the Directors or chief executives of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company

Name	Capacity/Nature of interests	Number of Securities	Approximate percentage of the total issued shares of the Company
Somerley Group Limited	Beneficial owner	90,449,350 (Note 1)	67.00%
SABINE Maureen Alice ("Mrs. Sabine")	Interest of a spouse	92,386,507 (Note 2)	68.43%
FLETCHER John Wilfred Sword	Interest of a controlled corporation	90,449,350 (Note 1)	67.00%
	Interest held jointly with other persons	1,937,157 (Note 1)	1.43%
FLETCHER Jacqueline ("Mrs. Fletcher")	Interest of a spouse	92,386,507 (Note 3)	68.43%
CHOI Helen Oi Yan ("Mrs. Cheung")	Interest of a spouse	92,386,507 (Note 4)	68.43%

Notes:

1. SGL is directly interested in 90,449,350 Shares and SGL is wholly-owned by Mr. Sabine, Mr. Fletcher, Mr. Cheung and Ms. Fong Sau Man Cecilia, among which Mr. Sabine, Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Cheung are acting in concert in respect of their interests in the Company and therefore each of Mr. Sabine, Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Cheung is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by them in aggregate by virtue of the SFO.
2. Mrs. Sabine is the spouse of Mr. Sabine. By virtue of the SFO, Mrs. Sabine is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Mr. Sabine.
3. Mrs. Fletcher is the spouse of Mr. Fletcher. By virtue of the SFO, Mrs. Fletcher is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Mr. Fletcher.
4. Mrs. Cheung is the spouse of Mr. Cheung. By virtue of the SFO, Mrs. Cheung is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Mr. Cheung.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors and chief executive of the Company are not aware that there is any party who, as at 31 March 2017, had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would be required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme:

The purpose of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme is to recognise the contribution of, and to provide an incentive to, certain key staff of the Group who have contributed or will contribute to the Group, in order to motivate and retain them for the operation and development of the Group.

The Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme is available to any individual being an employee or officer (including any director) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries (the "Participant(s)"). Under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, the Board was entitled to offer option(s) to any Participant who, as the Board may determine in its absolute discretion, has made valuable contribution to the business of the Group, or is regarded to be a valuable human resource of the Group (the "Grantee(s)").

The Board was entitled at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the adoption date of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme to 9 March 2017 (the "Scheme Period") to grant options to not more than 35 grantees under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme. No further options could be granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme after the expiry of the Scheme Period but in respect of all options which have been granted prior to the end of the Scheme Period, the provisions of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.

An option may be exercised in whole or in part (but if in part only, in respect of a board lot or an integral multiple thereof) and an option shall vest unto a grantee and may be exercised by the grantee during the option period (the "Option Period") stated in the grant letter (the "Grant Letter(s)") issued by the Company to the grantee and in accordance with manner provided in the Grant Letter.

The Option Period of each option granted to the grantees is a period commencing from the Listing Date to 10 May 2024 (i.e. 8 years from the adoption date of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme), with either (a) a part of the option shall become vested during the First Vesting Period and the remaining part of the option shall become vested during the Second Vesting Period; or (b) the whole option shall only become vested in the Second Vesting Period as mentioned below:-

- (i) not more than 5,524,294 Shares comprised in the options under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme shall vest unto the Grantees and become exercisable during the period commencing from the Listing Date and ending on expiry of the Option Period(s) (the "First Vesting Period"); and
- (ii) the remaining Shares comprised in the options under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (being not more than 7,537,441 Shares) shall vest unto the Grantees and become exercisable during the period commencing on (i) the date on which the listing of the Shares is transferred to the Main Board; or (ii) 1 January 2020, whichever is earlier, and ending on the expiry of the Option Period(s) (the "Second Vesting Period"). For the avoidance of doubt, any outstanding and unexercised option at the end of the First Vesting Period shall be carried over to the Second Vesting Period and shall be exercisable during the Second Vesting Period.

On 19 May 2016, the Company conditionally granted options to subscribe for an aggregate of 13,061,735 Shares to a total of 31 Grantees under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme. The Grantees include (i) 2 Directors; (ii) 8 members of the senior management of the Company; and (iii) 21 other grantees who are employees of the Group. 2 of the grantees ceased to be employees of the Group and their option right of 720,798 share options has lapsed as at the date of cessation.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Details of the share options movements under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme during the Period are as follows:-

Name or category of grantees	Date of grant of share options	Exercise Price (HK\$)	Exercise Period	Balance as at 01.04.2016	Number of share options				Balance as at 31.3.2017
					Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Cancelled during the year	
Directors									
CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth	19/5/2016	0.28	Second Vesting Period	—	1,877,083	—	—	—	1,877,083
CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie	19/5/2016	0.28	Second Vesting Period	—	645,717	—	—	—	645,717
Subtotal				—	2,522,800	—	—	—	2,522,800
Other Employees									
In aggregate	19/5/2016	0.28	First Vesting Period	—	5,524,294	119,674	480,532	—	4,924,088
	19/5/2016	0.28	Second Vesting Period	—	5,014,641	—	240,266	—	4,774,375
Total				—	13,061,735	119,674	720,798	—	12,221,263

Share Option Scheme:

The purpose of the share option scheme approved and adopted by the Company on 9 March 2017 (the "Share Option Scheme") is to provide incentive and/or reward to eligible persons for their contribution to, and continuing efforts to promote the interests of, the Group.

Subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the Board shall be entitled at any time within the period of 10 years after the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme to make an offer to (i) any employee of (whether full time or part-time employee); (ii) any executive directors and non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors); and (iii) any person or entity acting in their capacities as advisers or consultants, of the Group (the "Eligible Person").

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue upon the Listing Date, being 13,500,000 Shares (or such numbers of Shares as shall result from a subdivision or a consolidation of such 13,500,000 Shares from time to time) (the "Scheme Limit"). Subject to Shareholders' approval in general meeting, the Board may (i) renew this limit at any time to 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of the approval by the Shareholders in general meeting; and/or (ii) grant options beyond the Scheme Limit to Eligible Participants specifically identified by the Board.



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

The number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company at any time shall not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. No options shall be granted under any schemes of the Company (including the Share Option Scheme) if this will result in the limit being exceeded.

The total number of shares issuable upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company to each Eligible Person in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue. Any further grant of options is subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting with such eligible participant and his associates abstaining from voting.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof.

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within 21 days after (i) the date on which the offer was issued, or (ii) the date on which the conditions (if any) for the offer are satisfied. The amount payable by the Grantee to the Company for each acceptance of grant of option(s) is HK\$1.

Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme, the Eligible Persons may subscribe for the Shares on exercise of an option at the price determined by the Board provided that it shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a business day; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Share.

As at 31 March 2017, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 13,500,000 shares, representing 10% of the issued shares of the Company. Since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme, no share option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme by the Company.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emolument of the Directors and five individuals with highest emoluments are set out in notes 13 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

COMPETING INTERESTS

The Directors are not aware of any competing business that they themselves are currently conducting or is being conducted by their connected or related parties during the Period.



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017 are set out in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

The related party transactions as disclosed in note 26 (a)(i) and (a)(iii) to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report constituted non-exempt continuing connected transaction under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules and accordingly, are subject to the disclosure requirements in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules as below.

The related party transactions as disclosed in note 26 (a)(ii) and (a)(iv) to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report constituted exempt continuing connected transaction under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules and accordingly, are exempted from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The related party transactions as disclosed in note 26(a)(v) and (c) to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report are not regarded as connected transactions under chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Directors confirm that the Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTION

SIL entered into a tenancy agreement dated 17 April 2015 (the "Tenancy Agreement") with the landlord in respect of the premises at 20th Floor, China Building, 29 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong (the "Property") for a term commencing from 1 July 2015 and expiring on 30 June 2018. Upon the effective date of a novation agreement entered by SGL, SIL and the landlord on 1 December 2016 (the "Novation Agreement"), the original office sharing agreement has lapsed. SGL, Somerley Capital and the Company entered into the office sharing agreement dated 9 March 2017 (the "Office Sharing Agreement") with respect to the sharing of occupation of a portion of the Property, which constituted continuing connected transaction for the Group under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Location of the property:	A portion of 20th Floor, China Building, 29 Queen's Road Central, Central, Hong Kong
Term:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">— The sharing by Somerley Capital has commenced from 1 November 2016 and shall continue until 30 June 2018 (both dates inclusive)— The sharing by the Company (and any other members of the Group which have obtained the necessary prior approval of the landlord) has commenced from 1 November 2016 and shall continue until 30 June 2018 (both dates inclusive)



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Floor area occupied by SGL, SIL and the Group:

- 1,593 square feet of the Property shall be occupied by SIL
- 3,107 square feet of the Property shall be occupied by the Group
- 4,406 square feet of the Property shall be shared by SIL and the Group as a common area

In light of the disposal of SIL by the Controlling Shareholders pursuant to the SIL Disposal Agreement, SIL has vacated the occupation of its portion of the Property in January 2017. SGL shall take up the vacant area from SIL since 1 February 2017 and allow additional floor area to be occupied by the Group since 1 July 2017. Accordingly, the floor area occupied by SGL and the Group will change to the following,

- 1,593 square feet of the Property shall be occupied by SGL during the period from 1 February 2017 to 30 June 2017; starting from 1 July 2017, 265 square feet of the Property shall be occupied by SGL (referred to as the "SGL Portion")
- 3,107 square feet of the Property shall be occupied by the Group during the period from 1 February 2017 to 30 June 2017; starting from 1 July 2017, 4,435 square feet of the Property shall be occupied by the Group (referred to as the "SCHL Portion")
- 4,406 square feet of the Property shall be shared by SGL and the Group as a common area

Sharing fees payable by the Group:

The Group shall pay sharing fee equivalent to the Sharing Portion of the rental costs incurred by the Group under the Tenancy Agreement (which includes rent, management service charges, air-conditioning charges, Government Rent, rates and water consumption charges and other premise costs) on a monthly basis. The Sharing Portion shall be determined with reference to the floor area of the Property occupied by the Group.

Prior to 31 January 2017, the area of the common area occupied by the Group for the purpose of the calculation of the Sharing Portion will be determined with reference to the average ratio of Somerley Capital's revenue to SIL's revenue for the two preceding financial years of the relevant sharing fees payment month and the period from the first date after the preceding financial year of the relevant sharing fees payment month to 31 January 2017.

Starting from 1 February 2017, the area of the common area occupied by the Group for the purpose of the calculation of the Sharing Portion will be determined with reference to the ratio of the SGL Portion and the SCHL Portion from time to time.



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Roma Appraisals Limited, an independent property valuer, has reviewed the sharing fees payable by the Group pursuant to the original office sharing agreement and the Office Sharing Agreement and is of the opinion that the terms of the original office sharing agreement and the Office Sharing Agreement are fair and reasonable and the sharing fees thereunder reflect the market price prevailing as at the date of commencement of the original office sharing agreement and the Office Sharing Agreement (the "Fair Rent Opinion").

The Group will continue to use the Property as head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong. Having considered that (i) the sharing fees charged by SGL under the Office Sharing Agreement represent a portion of the rental costs incurred by SGL under the Tenancy Agreement as supplemented by the Novation Agreement which is in proportion to the floor area of the Property occupied by the Group without imposing any markup thereon; and (ii) the independent property valuer's opinion in the Fair Rent Opinion, the Directors consider that the terms of the Office Sharing Agreement are fair and reasonable.

As detailed in the Prospectus, the maximum aggregate annual amount payable under Office Sharing Agreement for each of the year ended 31 March 2017, the years ending 31 March 2018 and 31 March 2019 will not exceed HK\$520,000, HK\$8.2 million and HK\$2.3 million respectively.

The sharing fees paid by Somerley Capital to SIL under the original office sharing agreement in respect of the sharing of occupation of the Property as head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong were approximately HK\$5.3 million and HK\$6.0 million for the years ended 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2016 respectively.

The sharing fees paid by Somerley Capital to SIL under the original office sharing agreement in respect of the sharing of occupation of the Property as head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong was approximately HK\$3,873,000 for the period from 1 April 2016 to 31 October 2016 (both day inclusive).

The sharing fees paid by Somerley Capital to SGL under the Office Sharing Agreement in respect of the sharing of occupation of the Property as head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong was approximately HK\$2,711,000, which consists of approximately HK\$2,645,000 and approximately HK\$66,000 for the period from 1 November 2016 to 27 March 2017 (both day inclusive) and the Period respectively.

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the said continuing connected transaction and considered that the transaction under the Office Sharing Agreement has been entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company and the terms of the Office Sharing Agreement are based on normal commercial terms and are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

The Company has also engaged the auditor of the Company to report on the continuing connected transactions pursuant to rule 20.54 of the GEM Listing Rules and the Board has received a letter from the auditor of the Company with the following conclusions:

- (1) nothing has come to the auditor's attention that causes them to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions have not been approved by the Board;
- (2) nothing has come to the auditor's attention that causes them to believe that the transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and
- (3) with respect to the aggregate amount of the continuing connected transactions set out in the attached list of continuing connected transactions, nothing has come to the auditor's attention that causes them to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions have exceeded the annual cap as set by the Company.

Pursuant to rule 20.103 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company has applied for, and the Stock Exchange has granted a waiver from strict compliance with the requirements of announcements as set out under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules, provided that the annual transaction amount in respect of such continuing connected transaction does not exceed the annual caps.

Confirmation of Independence

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a confirmation of independence pursuant to rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules and considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

Management Contracts

On 9 March 2017, Somerley Capital (as service provider), a subsidiary of the Company, entered into a master service agreement with SGL (as service recipient), a substantial shareholder of the Company, in connection with the provision of administrative services by Somerley Capital to SGL for a term commencing from 9 March 2017 and ending on 31 March 2019. Such administrative services comprise procurement of cleaning services, maintenance and upkeep of the Property, finance and accounting, human resources, legal, office security and information technology support services. Mr. Sabine, Mr. Cheung and Mr. Fletcher are acting in concert in respect of their interest in the Company and they hold approximately 90.48% of the shares of SGL.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Interest of Compliance Advisers

As notified by Somerley Capital and Halcyon Capital Limited, the Company's joint compliance advisers, their directors or employees or associates had the following interests as at 31 March 2017:

Name of directors/employees of Somerley Capital	Capacity/ Nature of Interests	Number of ordinary share(s) held	Number of underlying shares held pursuant to share options		Approximate percentage of the total issued shares of the Company
			Total		
SABINE Martin Nevil	Interest of a controlled corporation	90,449,350 (Note)	—	90,449,350	67.00%
SABINE Martin Nevil	Interest held jointly with other persons	1,291,440	645,717	1,937,157	1.43%
CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth	Beneficial owner	3,754,170	1,877,083	5,631,253	4.17%
CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie	Beneficial owner	1,291,440	645,717	1,937,157	1.43%
CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie	Interest of a controlled corporation	90,449,350 (Note)	—	90,449,350	67.00%
LEUNG Lim Ng Jenny	Beneficial owner	750,840	375,416	1,126,256	0.83%
TAM Sze Ka	Beneficial owner	750,840	375,416	1,126,256	0.83%
CHING David	Beneficial owner	750,840	375,416	1,126,256	0.83%
CHENG Yat Wai	Beneficial owner	750,840	375,416	1,126,256	0.83%
WONG C-Tsun	Beneficial owner	750,840	375,416	1,126,256	0.83%
CHOW Chung Yan Stephanie	Beneficial owner	750,840	375,416	1,126,256	0.83%
NG Ming Wah Charles	Beneficial owner	—	89,756	89,756	0.07%
CHUNG King Cheung	Beneficial owner	—	901,000	901,000	0.67%
HESSE Jakob Fabian	Beneficial owner	—	675,750	675,750	0.50%
CHAU Fai	Beneficial owner	—	675,750	675,750	0.50%
CHENG Koon Yung Clifford	Beneficial owner	—	675,750	675,750	0.50%
CHEUNG On Kit Andrew	Beneficial owner	—	675,750	675,750	0.50%
LO Wing Kam	Beneficial owner	—	360,399	360,399	0.27%
NG Florence Man Shan	Beneficial owner	—	360,399	360,399	0.27%
SUEN Hiu Laam	Beneficial owner	—	360,399	360,399	0.27%
WONG Che Ho	Beneficial owner	—	360,399	360,399	0.27%
WONG Chi Shun	Beneficial owner	—	360,399	360,399	0.27%
WONG Shing Hong Kent	Beneficial owner	—	360,399	360,399	0.27%
KONG Ying Sau	Beneficial owner	—	360,399	360,399	0.27%
PANG Mo Cheung	Beneficial owner	—	360,399	360,399	0.27%
HUI Siu Ling Linda	Beneficial owner	—	360,399	360,399	0.27%
YIP Man Lai Anthony	Beneficial owner	—	179,512	179,512	0.13%
CHAU Kit Min	Beneficial owner	—	89,755	89,755	0.07%
CHENG Ka Lee	Beneficial owner	—	89,757	89,757	0.07%

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Name of directors/employees of Somerley Capital	Capacity/ Nature of Interests	Number of ordinary share(s) held	Number of underlying shares held pursuant to share options	Total	Approximate percentage of the total issued shares of the Company
NG Hoi Yan Monica	Beneficial owner	—	89,757	89,757	0.07%
WONG Siu Mui	Beneficial owner	—	89,756	89,756	0.07%
YUNG Chui Pik	Beneficial owner	—	89,757	89,757	0.07%

Note: SGL is directly interested in 90,449,350 Shares and SGL is wholly-owned by Mr. Sabine, Mr. FLETCHER, Mr. Cheung and Ms. Fong Sau Man Cecilia, among which Mr. Sabine, Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Cheung are acting in concert in respect of their interests in the Company and therefore, each of Mr. Sabine, Mr. Fletcher and Mr. Cheung is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by them in aggregate by virtue of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, neither Somerley Capital, Halcyon Capital Limited nor any of their directors or employees or close associates had any interest in the shares of the Company or any member of the Group (including options or rights to subscribe for such securities) as at 31 March 2017.

Pursuant to the agreement dated 31 May 2016 entered between Halcyon Capital Limited and the Company, Halcyon Capital Limited received and will receive fees for acting as the Company's compliance adviser.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board is of the view that the Company has met the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules save for the deviation stated in the paragraph headed "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer" in the Corporate Governance Report. A report on the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out from pages 12 to 23 of this annual report.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

Details of Non-Competition Undertaking of the Controlling Shareholders are set out in the paragraph headed "Non-Competition Undertaking" in the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

119,674 share options were exercised during the Period but the allotment of the Shares pursuant to the exercise of share options had not yet been completed by 31 March 2017. 1,020,902 share options were exercised after the Period. An aggregate of 1,140,576 new Shares at the exercise price of HK\$0.28 have been issued after the reporting period.

The salary of each of Mr. Cheung and Mr. Chow has been increased to HK\$3,000,000 per annum with effect from 1 April 2017.

Save as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, the Directors are not aware of any significant event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 March 2017 and up to the date of approval of this annual report.



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

TAXATION OF HOLDERS OF SHARES

Hong Kong

The purchase, sale and transfer of shares registered in the Company's Hong Kong branch register of members will be subject to Hong Kong stamp duty. The current rate charged on each of the purchaser and seller (or transferee and transferor) is 0.1% of the consideration or, if greater, the fair value of the shares being bought/sold or transferred (rounded up to the nearest HK\$'000). In addition, a fixed duty of HK\$5.00 is currently payable on an instrument of transfer of shares.

Profits from dealings in the share arising in or derived from Hong Kong may also be subject to Hong Kong profits tax.

Cayman Islands

Under the present Cayman Islands laws, transfers and other dispositions of shares in the Company are exempt from Cayman Islands stamp duty.

Consultation with professional advisers

Intending holders and investors of the Company's shares are recommended to consult their professional advisers if they are in any doubt as to the taxation implications (including tax relief) of subscribing for, purchasing, holding, disposing of or dealing in shares. It is emphasised that none of the Company or its Directors or officers will accept any responsibility for any tax effect on, or liabilities of, holders of shares in the Company resulting from their subscription for, purchase, holding, disposal of or dealing in such shares.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 have been audited by SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited who will retire and, being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited as the auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM").

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The AGM for the financial year 2017 of the Company will be held at 10:00 a.m. on 14 July 2017 (Friday) at Suites 903–905, 9th Floor, Shui On Centre, 6–8 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong and a notice of AGM will be published and despatched in due course.

By Order of the Board
Somerley Capital Holdings Limited
SABINE Martin Nevil
Chairman

Hong Kong, 5 June 2017



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

INTRODUCTION AND SCOPE OF ESG REPORT

The Board is pleased to present the first Environmental, Social and Governance report (the “ESG Report”) of the Group prepared according to Appendix 20 Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the “ESG Reporting Guide”) set out by the GEM Listing Rules. The Group is committed towards sustainability and understands the importance of sustainable development of its business and community. As this is the first ESG report of the Group it would present mainly policies, initiatives and performance of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2017.

The ESG Report focuses on the environmental and social performance of the core business of the Group in Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the “HKSAR”) during the year ended 31 March 2017. As for the information of corporate governance, please refer to the “Corporate Governance Report” in this Annual Report.

Stakeholder Engagement

The preparation of the ESG Report, which was supported by employees across various departments of the Group, enables the Group to have a better understanding of its current environmental and social development. The information the ESG Report gathered not only serves as the summary of the environmental and social stewardship of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2017, but also forms the basis for the Group to map out its short-term and long-term strategies for sustainable development.

Contact

Your comments and suggestions will be highly valued by the Group. If you have any advice, please contact us at: somerley@somerley.com.hk.

EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES

Employees are the core forces to maintain the long-term growth and sustainability of the Group. The Group values the interests and rights of all the employees and attaches importance to creating a comfortable and motivating working environment for employees.

Employment

The Group values its employees as they are the key to its success. Employees are treated fairly and consistently in all matters without discrimination on grounds of age, gender, race, colour, sexual orientation, disability or marital status. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group complied with Employment Ordinance and Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong).



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

The Group has established practices and policies with respect to:

- Compensation and dismissal
- Recruitment and promotion
- Working hours
- Rest periods
- Equal opportunity
- Diversity
- Anti-discrimination
- Welfare and other benefits

The Group's employment contract has specified the terms including compensation and dismissal, working hours, rest periods and other benefits and welfare for the Group's staff. The Group's employee handbook distributed to employees has also highlighted important information of policies on compensation, employee benefits, rights on termination, business conduct and leave benefits. The Group also provides comprehensive medical insurance to employees and their dependents which includes in-patient and out-patient benefit.

Development and Training

With a view to improving employees' competence and knowledge, continuous professional training including on-the-job and off-the-job trainings are provided to all professional employees on a regular basis. Three types of on-the-job trainings are as follows:

- On-the-job training given by team head while managing and supervising a job;
- In-house regular meeting within the Group to provide a platform whereby professional employees are kept abreast of the latest market practice and matters relating to their jobs; and
- In-house training held by the management of the Group to provide a detailed explanation and discussion of technical knowledge encountered by employees in recent transactions.



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

Off-the-job trainings mainly involve seminars and trainings organised by the Group and professional bodies with reimbursement from the Group being available. For example,

- The Group provides all professional employees with allowance and permission of seminars and trainings organised by professional bodies, and requires these employees to attend seminars and training relevant to their licensed regulated activities;
- Employees are encouraged to attend seminars and read prescribed periodicals to learn the updated information on industry and regulatory developments for their continuing competence; and
- Professional employees are required to comply with continuous professional training and examination requirements as stipulated in relevant regulations.

Caring for Employees

With employees' health and safety being the first and foremost consideration at work, the Group is committed to achieving a high standard of occupational safety and health. Policies and procedures have been in place to address work safety and occupational health issues, including actions to be taken and specific instructions to be followed in case of emergency. Employees are expected to comply with the policies and procedures and cooperate in all safety trainings, such as the regular fire drills organised by building management office. Meanwhile, the Administration Personnel of the Group has assigned responsible persons to identify, control and eliminate any actual or potential hazards and risks to the individual at workplace. During the year ended 31 March 2017, no significant safety issue was observed at the workplace.

Labour Standards

The Group has strictly complied with the Employment Ordinance. Any individuals under the legal working age and individuals without any proper identification documents are disqualified from employment. The Group has committed to protect the labour rights of staff and established complaint mechanism for staff to report any violation of labour rights. For the year ended 31 March 2017, no violation regarding the age of employment and labour dispute has occurred between the Group and employees.



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

OPERATION MANAGEMENT

As one of the leading corporate financial advisory firms in Hong Kong, the Group aims at delivering a high quality of services to its clients at all times. It is the Group's belief that market reputation and clients' confidence in the services are critical to its success. In view of this, the Group has been devoted to improving its management in every aspect of its operation to create greater value for its clients and the industry.

Service Quality

The Group is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission (SFC) and is a licensed corporation under SFO. As at 31 March 2017, among the experienced team of professionals of the Group, all professional employees were properly licensed and registered with the SFC, 9 were Responsible Officers, and 14 were Licensed Representatives. All Responsible Officers have more than 13 years of relevant experience, among which most of them have been with the Group and SIL for over 8 years.

The Group generally gains new business through referrals from existing clients, professional firms and the personal connections of directors or employees of the Group. In this regard, the Group places great emphasis on building customers' loyalty by providing them with prompt, competent and unbiased professional services.

During its operation, the Group rigorously conforms to the requirements of the rules and regulations of HKSAR, the SFC, the SEHK and regulatory authorities, such as the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance, the Code of Conduct for Persons Licensed by or Registered with the Securities and Futures Commission, the Corporate Finance Adviser Code of Conduct, the Guidelines on Competence, and the Hong Kong Sponsor Due Diligence Guidelines. When conducting the Group's business activities, all employees are obliged to be aware of the Group's business and conduct its affairs with the highest level of integrity and professional ethics.

Anti-corruption

With integrity being a core part of the Group's business ethics, employees have the responsibility to observe the applicable rules and regulations as well as the Code of Conduct of the Group. Employees are prohibited from offering, soliciting or accepting anything of material value to or from their colleagues, clients, suppliers or other business partner. Whenever incidents or suspected cases of corruption, theft, fraud and embezzlement occur, employees are required to report to the management for further investigation and action. In addition, the Group encourages employees to attend seminars regarding business ethics and prevention of corruption offered by SFC and Independent Commission Against Corruption (ICAC). In-house seminar kit by ICAC on bribery and corruption issues is also available for reference.



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

Apart from anti-corruption provisions within the Group, employees are also made aware of the potential risk of any involvement of corporate finance transaction in money laundering scheme. According to the Hong Kong laws and the Guidance Note on Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing of SFC, licensed corporations registered under SFO are requested to adopt and enforce “Know Your Clients” policies and procedures. Employees who know, suspect or have reasonable grounds to believe that a client might have engaged in money laundering activities must immediately report to the legal and compliance department for attention and handling.

Privacy Protection

With regard to privacy protection, data on computers and network is protected by regular backups. All computers together with backup services are equipped with security features which require password access to information stored on the hard disk or server. Storage medium containing sensitive information are kept in locked cabinet. It is prescribed that each director or employee shall maintain strict confidentiality about the affairs of the Group. Employees are not allowed to disclose to other individuals or third parties, directly or indirectly exploit or use confidential information concerning the Group and the clients.

Supply Chain Management

Due to the nature of its principal business activities, the Group had no major suppliers during the year ended 31 March 2017. To integrate the environmental vision into the procurement of office supplies, priority is given to environmentally friendly products, such as refillable ballpoint pens and mechanical pencils, and environmental paper.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

In face of climate change, resource shortages and other global environmental issues, the Group bears in mind energy conservation and emission reductions during the course of its operations.

Green Office

The Group is principally engaged in providing corporate finance advisory services in Hong Kong with most of the business processed on computers and networks. Due to the nature of its business, the Group does not generate industrial pollutants and its operations do not raise any significant environmental issues. While complying with all the laws and regulations relating to environmental protection and pollutant control of the HKSAR, the Group also endeavors to reduce carbon footprint and maintain a sustainable utilisation of resources by employing various initiatives in its day-to-day operations, such as:

- Dividing the office area into different light zones and partly installing light-emitting diodes;
- Reminding employees to conserve electricity regularly;
- Setting printers and copiers to automatic sleeping mode when idle;
- Placing waste paper boxes for paper recycling;



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED)

- Disseminating administrative notices through emails instead of paper documents;
- Ordering toner cartridges and paper prudently to avoid overstock;
- Selecting direct flights for business trips to reduce carbon footprint; and
- Providing reusable supplies instead of disposable supplies.

The Group understands the importance of employees' awareness and participation in the operation of a green office. To this end, employees are encouraged to use paper on both sides, set computers to automatic standby or sleeping mode when idle and reuse envelopes, folders, file cards and other stationery.

CONTRIBUTION TO COMMUNITY

As a corporate citizen, it is the Group's aim to align philanthropic work with its business development. Apart from charitable contributions in the forms of money, the Group also gives funds or sponsorship to projects organised by social welfare agencies. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group participated in The 2017 Community Chest Corporate Challenge and donated HK\$53,000 to The Community Chest of Hong Kong to help the mentally ill and multiple handicapped individuals.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SOMERLEY CAPITAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Somerley Capital Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 58 to 103, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2017, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Impairment assessment on trade receivables

Refer to note 19 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 77.

The key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
The Group has balance of trade receivables amounted to approximately HK\$10,253,000 as at 31 March 2017.	We reviewed the aging analysis of the trade receivables throughout the year to understand the settlement patterns by the customers;
We identified the valuation of trade receivables as a key audit matter due to the use of estimates and involves high degree of judgement by management in considering the nature and timing which might affect the recoverability assessment.	We discussed the indicators of possible impairment of the trade receivables with the finance management team and, where such indicators were identified, assessed whether the management performed impairment assessment. We assessed the reasonableness of recoverability of trade receivables with reference to the credit history included default or delay in payments, settlement records, subsequent settlements and aging analysis of each individual customer.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OUR AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion, solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Pang Wai Hang.

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Pang Wai Hang

Practising Certificate Number: P05044

Hong Kong

5 June 2017

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2017

	Notes	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Revenue	9	67,901	67,945
Other income	10	2,215	3,626
		70,116	71,571
Employee benefits costs		(48,247)	(45,565)
Depreciation for property and equipment		(258)	(891)
Introduction expenses		(881)	(1,604)
Other operating expenses		(20,602)	(12,028)
Profit before tax	11	128	11,483
Income tax expense	12	(2,935)	(2,184)
(Loss) profit and total comprehensive (expense) income for the year attributable to the owners of the Company		(2,807)	9,299
(Loss) earnings per share — basic and diluted (HK\$)	16	(0.03)	0.09

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2017

	Notes	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	17	1,089	628
Deferred tax asset	18	38	131
		1,127	759
Current assets			
Trade receivables	19	10,253	7,529
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	19	508	639
Tax recoverable		—	506
Cash and cash equivalents	20	90,540	35,881
		101,301	44,555
Current liabilities			
Other payables and accruals	21	4,662	17,501
Amount due to a fellow subsidiary	22	—	489
Amount due to ultimate holding company	22	423	617
Tax payable		538	—
		5,623	18,607
Net current assets		95,678	25,948
Total assets less current liabilities		96,805	26,707
Non-current liability			
Provision for long service payment	23	350	282
Net assets		96,455	26,425

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

As at 31 March 2017

	Note	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	24	1,350	10,000
Reserves		95,105	16,425
Total equity		96,455	26,425

The consolidated financial statements on pages 58 to 103 were approved and authorised for issued by the board of directors on 5 June 2017 and are signed by:

Sabine Martin Nevil

Chow Wai Hung Kenneth

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2017

	Attributable to the owners of the Company						
	Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Shareholder contribution reserve	Share option reserve	Other reserve (Note)	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April 2015	10,000	—	21,126	—	—	—	31,126
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	—	—	9,299	—	—	—	9,299
Dividend recognised as distribution	—	—	(14,000)	—	—	—	(14,000)
At 31 March 2016	10,000	—	16,425	—	—	—	26,425
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	—	—	(2,807)	—	—	—	(2,807)
Issues of shares to ultimate holding company (note 24(ii))	100	—	—	—	—	—	100
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payments (note 30(a))	—	—	—	—	2,228	—	2,228
Contribution from shareholder (note 30(b))	—	—	—	4,179	—	—	4,179
Transfer upon a group reorganisation	(9,900)	—	—	—	—	9,900	—
Issue of shares pursuant to public offering (note 24(iii))	350	71,400	—	—	—	—	71,750
Issue of shares by capitalisation of share premium account (note 24(iii))	800	(800)	—	—	—	—	—
Expenses incurred in connection with issue of new shares (note 24(iii))	—	(5,420)	—	—	—	—	(5,420)
At 31 March 2017	1,350	65,180	13,618	4,179	2,228	9,900	96,455

Note: Other reserve represented the difference between the nominal amount of the share capital of Somerley Capital Limited ("Somerley Capital") and the nominal amount of the share capital issued by the Company pursuant to a group reorganisation.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 March 2017

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before tax	128	11,483
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation for property and equipment	258	891
Provision for long service payments	68	93
Bad debt expenses in respect of trade receivables	—	1,300
Share-based payment expenses	6,407	—
Operating cash flow before movements in working capital	6,861	13,767
Increase in trade receivables	(2,724)	(874)
Decrease (increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	131	(470)
Decrease in other payables and accruals	(4,839)	(6,540)
(Decrease) increase in amount due to a fellow subsidiary	(489)	180
Decrease in amount due to the ultimate holding company	(94)	—
Cash (used in) generated from operations	(1,154)	6,063
Hong Kong profits tax paid	(1,798)	(5,911)
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(2,952)	152
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Purchase of property and equipment	(719)	(33)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issuance of shares	71,750	—
Dividend paid	(8,000)	(6,000)
Share issued expenses	(5,420)	—
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	58,330	(6,000)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	54,659	(5,881)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE BEGINNING OF YEAR	35,881	41,762
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE END OF YEAR, represented by bank balances and cash	90,540	35,881

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2017

1. GENERAL

The Company was incorporated on 21 April 2016 in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands and the shares of the Company were listed on the Growth Enterprise Market (the “GEM”) of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”). Its parent is Somerley Group Limited (“SGL”) and its ultimate beneficial owners during the reporting period are Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil, Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie, Mr. FLETCHER John Wilfred Sword and Ms. FONG Sau Man Cecilia. The addresses of the registered office and the principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section to the annual report.

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding. The Group’s only operating subsidiary is mainly engaged in the provision of corporate finance advisory services. Particulars of the subsidiaries are set out in note 31.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK\$”) which is same as the functional currency of the Company and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

2. GROUP REORGANISATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Pursuant to the group reorganisation (the “Reorganisation”) of the Company, as described in the section headed “History and Development — Reorganisation” in the prospectus of the Company dated 15 March 2017 (the “Prospectus”), the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group after the completion of the Reorganisation on 9 March 2017. The Group, comprising the Company and its subsidiaries, resulting from the Reorganisation, was directly and/or beneficially owned by the same beneficial owners before and after the Reorganisation. Amongst the ultimate beneficial owners, Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil, Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie and Mr. FLETCHER John Wilfred Sword are regarded as Controlling Shareholders of the Group. As such, this Reorganisation is effectively interspersing a shell company over the subsidiaries and there was a continuation of risks and benefits to the ultimate beneficial owners. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a consolidated basis as if the Company had always been the holding company of the Group by applying the principles of merger accounting with reference to Accounting Guideline 5 “Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”) as if the Reorganisation had been completed at the beginning of the year as set out in the accounting policy of the Company under “Merger accounting for business combination involving entities under common control” in note 4.

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows included the results and cash flows of the companies now comprising the Group as if the current group structure had been in existence throughout the years ended 31 March 2016 and 2017 or since their respective dates of incorporation or establishment to 31 March 2017, whichever is the shorter period. The consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2017 have been prepared to present the assets and liabilities of the companies now comprising the Group as if the current group structure had been in existence as at 31 March 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”)

In the current year, the Group has consistently adopted all the new and revised Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“HKASs”), HKFRSs, amendments and interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the “new and revised HKFRSs”) issued by the HKICPA which are effective for year ended 31 March 2017. The application of the new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 9 (2014)	Financial Instruments ²
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers ²
HKFRS 16	Lease ⁴
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014–2016 Cycle ³
Amendments to HKAS 7	Disclosure Initiative ¹
Amendments to HKAS 12	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses ¹
Amendments to HKAS 40	Transfers of Investment Property ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ⁵
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Clarification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions ²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 or 1 January 2018, as appropriate.

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

⁵ Effective date not yet been determined.

The directors of the Company anticipate that, except as described below, the application of other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

HKFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 issued in 2009 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. HKFRS 9 was amended in 2010 and includes the requirements for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities and for derecognition. In 2013, HKFRS 9 was further amended to bring into effect a substantial overhaul of hedge accounting that will allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in the financial statements. A finalised version of HKFRS 9 was issued in 2014 to incorporate all the requirements of HKFRS 9 that were issued in previous years with limited amendments to the classification and measurement by introducing a “fair value through other comprehensive income” (“FVTOCI”) measurement category for certain financial assets. The finalised version of HKFRS 9 also introduces an “expected credit loss” model for impairment assessments.

Key requirements of HKFRS 9 (2014) are described as follows:

- All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* to be subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and that have contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured at FVTOCI. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent reporting periods. In addition, under HKFRS 9 (2014), entities may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognised in profit or loss.
- With regard to the measurement of financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss, HKFRS 9 (2014) requires that the amount of change in the fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is presented in other comprehensive income, unless the recognition of the effects of changes in the liability’s credit risk in other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. Changes in fair value of financial liabilities attributable to changes in the financial liabilities’ credit risk are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Under HKAS 39, the entire amount of the change in the fair value of the financial liability designated as fair value through profit or loss was presented in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

HKFRS 9 (2014) Financial Instruments (Continued)

- In the aspect of impairment assessments, the impairment requirements relating to the accounting for an entity's expected credit losses on its financial assets and commitments to extend credit were added. Those requirements eliminate the threshold that was in HKAS 39 for the recognition of credit losses. Under the impairment approach in HKFRS 9 (2014) it is no longer necessary for a credit event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised. Instead, expected credit losses and changes in those expected credit losses should always be accounted for. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition and, consequently, more timely information is provided about expected credit losses.
- HKFRS 9 (2014) introduces a new model which is more closely aligns hedge accounting with risk management activities undertaken by companies when hedging their financial and non-financial risk exposures. As a principle-based approach, HKFRS 9 (2014) looks at whether a risk component can be identified and measured and does not distinguish between financial items and non-financial items. The new model also enables an entity to use information produced internally for risk management purposes as a basis for hedge accounting. Under HKAS 39, it is necessary to exhibit eligibility and compliance with the requirements in HKAS 39 using metrics that are designed solely for accounting purposes. The new model also includes eligibility criteria but these are based on an economic assessment of the strength of the hedging relationship. This can be determined using risk management data. This should reduce the costs of implementation compared with those for HKAS 39 hedge accounting because it reduces the amount of analysis that is required to be undertaken only for accounting purposes.

HKFRS 9 (2014) will become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with early application permitted.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 (2014) in the future has an impact on the Group's results and financial position, including the classification categories and the measurement of financial assets, and disclosures. For instance, the Group will be required to replace the incurred loss impairment model in HKAS 39 with an expected loss impairment model that will apply to various exposures to credit risk. HKFRS 9 will also change the way the Group classifies and measures its financial assets, and will require the Group to consider the business model and contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets to determine classification and subsequent measurement. The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 9 (2014) will have any material impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The core principle of HKFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Thus, HKFRS 15 introduces a model that applies to contracts with customers, featuring a contract-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine whether, how much and when revenue is recognised. The five steps are as follows:

- i) Identify the contract with the customer;
- ii) Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- iii) Determine the transaction price;
- iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- v) Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Under HKFRS 15, an entity recognised revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when “control” of goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. Far more prescriptive guidance has been adopted in HKFRS 15 to deal with specific scenarios. Furthermore, extensive disclosures are required by HKFRS 15.

HKFRS 15 also introduces extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure requirements which aim to enable users of the financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

HKFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 Revenue, HKAS 11 Construction Contracts and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

HKFRS 15 will become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with early application permitted. The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of HKFRS 15 in the future may have result in the identification of separate performance obligations which could affect the timing of the recognition of revenue. Certain costs incurred in fulfilling a contract which are currently expensed may need to be recognised as an asset under HKFRS 15. More disclosures relating to revenue are also required. The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the adoption of HKFRS 15 will have any material impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

HKFRS 16 Leases

HKFRS 16 provides a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and their treatment in the financial statements of both lessors and lessees.

In respect of the lessee accounting, the standard introduces a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with the lease term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset has a low value.

At the commencement date of the lease, the lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset at cost, which consists of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, the initial estimate of restoration costs and any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee. A lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date.

Subsequently, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. Lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payment made, and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments. Depreciation and impairment expenses, if any, on the right-of-use asset will be charged to profit or loss following the requirements of HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment, while interest accrual on lease liability will be charged to profit or loss.

In respect of the lessor accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

HKFRS 16 will supersede the current lease standards including HKAS 17 Leases and the related interpretations when it becomes effective. HKFRS 16 will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 with early application permitted provided that the entity has applied HKFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers at or before the date of initial application of HKFRS 16.

The directors of the Company do not expect the adoption of HKFRS 16 as compared with the current accounting policy would result in significant impact on the Group’s results but it is expected that certain portion of these lease commitments will be required to be recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

HKFRS 2 Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions

The HKICPA has issued an amendment, Amendments to HKFRS 2 — Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions, addressing three classification and measurement issues. The amendment addresses the accounting for cash-settled share-based payments and equity-settled awards that include a “net settlement” feature in respect of withholding taxes.

The amendments to HKFRS 2 will become effective for financial statements with annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments should be applied retrospectively.

The amendments clarified the measurement basis for cash-settled share-based payments and the accounting for modifications that change an award from cash-settled share-based payment to equity-settled share-based payment. It also introduces an exception to the principles in HKFRS 2 that will require an award to be treated as if it was wholly equity-settled share-based payment, where an employer is obliged to withhold an amount for the employee’s tax obligation associated with a share-based payment and pay that amount to the tax authority. The Group anticipates that the adoption of this amendment will not have a significant impact on the Group’s consolidated financial statement as the existing share-based payment entered into between SGL with the Group’s employees are equity-settled share-based payments and the Group is not obliged to withhold an amount for the employees’ tax obligation associated with the share-based payment under the relevant tax laws in Hong Kong.

Other than disclosed above, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements includes applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements under the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Details of fair value measurement are explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) for the year ended 31 December 2016. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group’s voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Merger accounting for business combination involving entities under common control

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial information of the combining entities in which the common control combination occurs as if they had been combined from the date when the combining entities first came under the control of the controlling party.

The net assets of the combining entities are combined using the existing book values from the controlling party's perspective. No amount is recognised in respect of goodwill or excess of acquirer's interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of common control combination, to the extent of the continuation of the controlling party's interest.

The consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income includes the results of each of the combining entities from the earliest date presented or since the date when the combining entities first came under the common control, where this is a shorter period, regardless of the date of the common control combination.

The comparative amounts in the consolidated financial statements are presented as if the entities or businesses had been combined at the end of the previous reporting period or when they first came under common control, whichever is shorter.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents the amounts receivable for services provided in the normal course of business. Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when revenue can be measured reliably, on the following basis:

- corporate finance advisory service fee income, when the underlying services have been rendered or the underlying transactions have been completed, in accordance with the terms of service agreement
- interest income, on an accrual basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition; and
- management fee income, when relevant services have been rendered.

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from “profit before tax” as reported in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group’s liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Financial Information and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the consolidated financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve.

Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(ii) Lump sum long service amounts payable on cessation of employment

The Group's net obligation in respect of lump sum long service amounts payable on cessation of employment in certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method, discounted to its present value and reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's retirement plans that are attributable to contributions made by the Group. The discount rate is the yield at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds (where there is no deep market in such corporate bonds, government bonds) that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the Group's obligations. Changes in carrying amount of the relevant net obligation are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Share-based payment transactions

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of share options granted at the date of grant is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to retained earnings.

Shares transferred from shareholder to employees

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of shares transferred at the date of transfer, net of consideration received, is recognised as employee benefits costs, with a corresponding increase in equity (shareholder contribution reserve).

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash as defined above.

Investment in a subsidiary

Investment in a subsidiary is stated on the statement of financial position of the Company at cost less accumulated impairment loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified into loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including trade receivables, deposits and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment losses (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial assets' original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade and other receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account, if applicable. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss. When a trade or other receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities are classified into other financial liabilities including other payables, amount due to ultimate holding company, amount due to a fellow subsidiary are subsequently measured at the amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Derecognition (Continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

Impairment loss on non-financial assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4 above, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key source of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Impairment loss on trade and other receivables

The policy for making impairment loss on trade and other receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. If the financial conditions of debtors of the Group were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional impairment loss may be required. As at 31 March 2017, the carrying amounts of the trade receivables was approximately HK\$10,253,000 (2016: HK\$7,529,000), while the carrying amount of prepayments, deposits and other receivables was approximately HK\$508,000 (2016: HK\$639,000). No impairment allowance had been recognised during year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: nil). More details are given in note 19.

Useful lives and impairment of property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and identified impairment losses. The estimation of useful lives impacts the level of annual depreciation expenses recorded. Property and equipment are evaluated for possible impairment on specific asset basis or in groups of similar assets, as applicable. This process requires management's estimate of future cash flows generated by each asset or group of assets. For any instance where this evaluation process indicates impairment, the relevant asset's carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount and the amount of the write-down is charged against the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. As at 31 March 2017, the carrying amount of property and equipment was approximately HK\$1,089,000 (2016: HK\$628,000). No impairment had been recognised during the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: nil).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key source of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Provision for long service payment

The Group's provision for long service payments is determined with reference to statutory requirements, the employees' remuneration, their years of service and age profile, and demographic assumptions including: pre-retirement termination, involuntary termination, early retirement, normal retirement, death and disability rate. The basis of estimation is reviewed on an on-going basis and revised where appropriate. Any changes to these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of provision for long service payments and the results and financial position of the Group. As at 31 March 2017, the carrying amount of long service payment obligations was approximately HK\$350,000 (2016: HK\$282,000).

Equity settled share-based payments

The Group measures the costs of equity-settled transactions with its directors, employees and consultant by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating the fair value for share-based payments requires determining the most appropriate valuation model for a grant of equity instruments, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the options, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for the estimation of the fair value for share-based payments are disclosed in note 31. As at 31 March 2017, the balance of share option reserves of the Group was approximately HK\$2,228,000 (2016: nil). As at 31 March 2017, the balance of shareholder contribution reserve of the Group was approximately HK\$4,179,000 (2016: nil).

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Capital comprises of share capital and reserves stated in the Group's statement of financial positions. The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for the shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The directors of the Company manages capital by regularly monitoring its current and expected liquidity requirements rather than using debt/equity analysis. Neither the Company nor subsidiaries, except for Somerley Capital Limited ("Somerley Capital") is subject to externally imposed capital requirements. Somerley Capital is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") and is required to comply with certain minimum capital requirements according to the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

The management monitors Somerley Capital's liquid capital daily and to ensure it meets the minimum liquid capital requirement in accordance with the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules ("FRR") adopted by the SFC. Under the FRR, Somerley Capital must maintain its liquid capital in excess of HK\$3,000,000. The required information was filed with SFC on a monthly basis. Somerley Capital was in compliance with the capital requirements imposed by FRR during the year ended 31 March 2017. Other than this, the Company and other subsidiaries are not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	100,839	43,410
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	5,085	18,349

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other payables, amount due to a fellow subsidiary and amount due to ultimate holding company.

Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments included credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors those exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(i) Credit risk

The trade receivables and cash and cash equivalents represent the Group's major exposure to the credit risk arising from the default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these financial assets in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The trade receivables from clients arising from corporate finance advisory services are due upon the issuance of invoice and the responsible officers of the Group are responsible for overall monitoring of the credit risk of their clients. Individual impairment assessment has been performed as of each reporting date.

The Group has concentration of credit risk on trade receivables arising from corporate finance advisory services. As at 31 March 2017, the top three trade receivables of the Group from corporate finance advisory services constituted approximately 38% of the entire balance (2016: 52%).

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each counterparty rather than the industry or country in which debtors operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual debtors.

All of the balances with bank were deposited in a reputable large commercial bank with high credit rating.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

7. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to its variable-rate bank balances. Variable interest bearing financial instruments exposed to interest rate risk are mainly bank balances carrying interest at prevailing market rates.

The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider other necessary action when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances is minimal due to the Group's interest risk exposure is insignificant and hence, the management considered that the effect of interest rate change do not have significant impact to the Group and no sensitivity analysis is prepared.

(iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk of loss due to adverse movements in foreign exchange rates relating to financial instruments denominated in foreign currency. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group's transactions were mainly in Hong Kong dollars and US dollars. As Hong Kong dollars were pegged to US dollars, the Group's exposure to the currency risk is considered minimal.

(iv) Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

All financial liabilities are non-interest bearing and their maturity dates are either within one year or repayable on demand.

All carrying amount of financial liabilities are equal to the undiscounted cash flows.

(c) Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their corresponding fair value due to short-term maturities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

8. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the management of the Group, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performances focuses on advisory business. During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group focused on advisory business and all the assets and major revenue are located and derived in Hong Kong. Accordingly, no segment analysis is prepared.

Information about major customers

No customer accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

9. REVENUE

Revenue represented revenue arising on provision of corporate finance advisory services during the year.

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Fee income from acting as financial adviser	17,765	24,242
Fee income from acting as independent financial adviser	38,671	31,756
Fee income from acting as compliance adviser	10,217	11,023
Others	1,248	924
	67,901	67,945

10. OTHER INCOME

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Exchange gain, net	—	2
Management fee income from a fellow subsidiary	2,191	3,623
Management fee income from ultimate holding company	22	—
Others	2	1
	2,215	3,626

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

11. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:		
Directors' emoluments (note 13)		
Fees	9	—
Other emoluments	9,986	11,690
Share-based payments	2,449	—
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme (note)	36	36
	12,480	11,726
Other staff costs	31,225	33,215
Provision for long service payment	68	93
Share-based payments	3,958	—
Contributions to retirement benefits schemes (note)	516	531
	48,247	45,565
Auditor's remuneration	343	245
Exchange loss, net	4	—
Bad debt expenses in respect of trade receivables	—	1,300
Listing expenses	9,192	1,241
Operating lease rental payments for rented premises	5,444	4,962

Note: The Group operates a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs capped at HK\$1,500 per month to the MPF Scheme, which contribution is matched by employees.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Current tax:		
Hong Kong	2,842	2,305
Tax exemption for the year	—	(20)
Deferred taxation (note 18)	93	(101)
	2,935	2,184

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year (2016: 16.5%).

The income tax expense for the years can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Profit before tax	128	11,483
Tax at domestic income tax rate of 16.5% (2016: 16.5%)	21	1,895
Tax effect of expenses not deductible	2,914	309
Tax effect of tax exemption granted	—	(20)
Income tax expense	2,935	2,184

Tax exemptions represented reduction of Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year of assessment of 2015/2016 by 75%, subject to a ceiling of HK\$20,000 per case.

Details for deferred taxation are set out in note 18.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the directors of the Company (including emoluments for services provided as employee/directors of the group entities prior to becoming the directors of the Company) during the year ended 31 March 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Fees	9	—
Other emoluments:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	9,744	9,188
Performance related bonuses	242	2,502
Equity-settled share option expense	2,449	—
Pension scheme contributions	36	36
	12,471	11,726
	12,480	11,726

	Salaries, allowances and Performance benefits in kind					Share- based payments	Pension scheme contributions	Total
	Fees HK\$'000	HK\$'000	bonuses HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
2017								
<i>Executive directors</i>								
Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil	—	3,936	—	—	—	—	3,936	
Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth	—	2,904	242	1,822	18	—	4,986	
Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie	—	2,904	—	627	18	—	3,549	
<i>Independent non-executive directors</i>								
Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo	3	—	—	—	—	—	3	
Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James	3	—	—	—	—	—	3	
Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis	3	—	—	—	—	—	3	
	9	9,744	242	2,449	36	—	12,480	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

13. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

	Fees HK\$'000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind HK\$'000	Performance related bonuses HK\$'000	Share- based payments HK\$'000	Pension scheme contributions HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
2016						
<i>Executive directors</i>						
Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil	—	3,710	600	—	—	4,310
Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth	—	2,739	1,295	—	18	4,052
Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie	—	2,739	607	—	18	3,364
	—	9,188	2,502	—	36	11,726

Notes:

- (i) The discretionary bonus is determined based on the financial results of the subsidiary.
- (ii) Mr. SABINE Martin Nevil, Mr. CHOW Wai Hung Kenneth and Mr. CHEUNG Tei Sing Jamie were appointed as directors of the Company on 21 April 2016.
- (iii) Mr. CHENG Yuk Wo, Mr. HIGGS Jeremy James and Mr. YUEN Kam Tim Francis were appointed as independent non-executive directors of the Company on 9 March 2017.
- (iv) During the two years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016, no director has been appointed as chief executive of the Company.
- (v) No director and Chief Executive waived or agreed to waive any emoluments paid by the Group during the two years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.
- (vi) No emoluments have been paid by the Group to the directors or supervisors as an inducement to joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office in any of the two years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

14. EMPLOYEES EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, include three directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in note 13 above for the year ended 31 March 2017 (2016: three). The emoluments of the remaining two individuals for the year ended 31 March 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Salaries, allowances, and other benefits	3,348	3,150
Discretionary bonuses	698	1,675
Share-based payments	729	—
Contributions to defined contribution retirement benefits scheme	36	36
	4,811	4,861

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

	2017 Number of employees	2016 Number of employees
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	—	—
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	—	—
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2	2
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$4,000,000	—	—

During the year ended 31 March 2017, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individual as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office (2016: nil).

During the current and prior year, share options were granted to non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees in respect of their services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in note 30. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the consolidated financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

15. DIVIDENDS

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
2015 Final, paid — HK60 cents per share	—	6,000
2016 Interim, paid — HK80 cents per share	—	8,000
	—	14,000

No interim and final dividend was paid or proposed during the year ended 31 March 2017. A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2015 of HK\$6,000,000 was declared and fully paid by Somerley Capital on 31 July 2015 and 31 August 2015, respectively. An interim dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2016 of HK\$8,000,000 was declared and fully paid by Somerley Capital on 23 March 2016 and 11 May 2016, respectively.

16. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
(Loss) Earnings		
(Loss) profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, used in the basic earnings per share calculation	(2,807)	9,299
	Number of shares	
	2017	2016
Shares		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, used in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculation ('000)	100,383	100,000

Note: The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share has taken into account the capitalisation issue pursuant to the Reorganisation as stated in note 2.

Diluted (loss) earnings per share is same as basic (loss) earnings per share for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016. The computation of diluted (loss) earnings per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding options to subscribe for additional shares set out in note 30 since their exercise would result in an anti-dilutive effect on the basic (loss) earnings per share for the years ended 31 March 2017 and 2016.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

17. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Furniture and equipment HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
COST			
1 April 2015	3,116	1,071	4,187
Additions for the year	—	33	33
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	3,116	1,104	4,220
Additions for the year	—	719	719
At 31 March 2017	3,116	1,823	4,939
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			
At 1 April 2015	2,453	248	2,701
Charged for the year	663	228	891
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	3,116	476	3,592
Charged for the year	—	258	258
At 31 March 2017	3,116	734	3,850
CARRYING VALUES			
At 31 March 2017	—	1,089	1,089
At 31 March 2016	—	628	628

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of property and equipment less their residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives and at the rates per annum as follows:

Leasehold improvements	Over the lease term
Furniture and equipment	20%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

18. DEFERRED TAX ASSET

The movement in deferred tax asset during the years are as follows:

	Depreciation in excess of related depreciation allowance HK\$'000
At 1 April 2015	30
Deferred tax credited to profit or loss	101
At 31 March 2016 and 1 April 2016	131
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss	(93)
At 31 March 2017	38

19. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Trade receivables	10,253	7,529
Prepaid listing expenses	—	434
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	508	205
	508	639

The trade receivables are, in general, due upon the issuance of the invoices. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. The following is an ageing analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for impairment presented based on the invoice date which approximates the respective revenue recognition dates at the end of each reporting period. It also represented the ageing analysis of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired, at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

19. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Within 90 days	8,105	6,836
91–180 days	2,148	543
Over 180 days	—	150
Total	10,253	7,529

Trade receivables that were past due but not impaired related to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no allowance for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

The Group has a policy for impairment allowance of trade receivables which is based on the evaluation of collectability and ageing analysis of accounts and on management's judgment, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each client or receivable.

During the year ended 31 March 2017, no trade receivables had been written off directly to profit or loss (2016: HK\$1,300,000).

20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at banks earn interest at prevailing market rates of 0.01% per annum based on daily bank deposit rates during the year ended period. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

21. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Bonus payables	2,216	8,508
Dividend payable	—	8,000
Other payables	1,818	734
Accruals	628	259
	4,662	17,501

22. AMOUNTS DUE TO A FELLOW SUBSIDIARY/ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The amounts due to a fellow subsidiary and ultimate holding company are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

23. PROVISION FOR LONG SERVICE PAYMENT

Details of the provision for long service payments of the Group are as follows:

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
At beginning of the year	282	189
Movements charged to profit or loss	68	93
At end of the year	350	282

The Group makes provision for probable future long service payment to employees in accordance with Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. Pursuant to Chapter 10 of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, the long service payment is to be offset with the accrued benefits derived from the Group's contributions made to MPF Scheme for the employees and subject to a cap of HK\$390,000 per employee. As at 31 March 2017, the provision for long service payment recognised by the Group was approximately HK\$350,000 (2016: HK\$282,000). The provision represents the management's best estimate of the Group liability at the end of each reporting period. The most recent long service payment valuation was carried out as at 31 March 2017 by Greater China Appraisal Limited, an independent valuer. The present value of the long service payment and the related service cost, were measured using the projected unit credit method.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

24. SHARE CAPITAL

For the purpose of presenting the share capital of the Group prior to the Reorganisation in the consolidated statement of financial position, the balances as at 1 April 2015 and 31 March 2016, amounting to HK\$10,000,000, represented the share capital of Somerley Capital.

Details of the share capital of the Company are as follows:

	Number of shares	Amount HK\$'000
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each		
Authorised:		
At 21 April 2016 (date of incorporation) and 31 March 2017	200,000,000	2,000
Issued and fully paid:		
At 21 April 2016 (date of incorporation)	1	1
Increased during the year (note i)	9,999,999	99
Share issued upon Reorganisation (note ii)	10,000,000	100
Share issued pursuant to public offering (note iii)	35,000,000	350
Share issued by capitalisation of the share premium account (note iii)	80,000,000	800
At 31 March 2017	135,000,000	1,350

Notes:

- (i) On 21 April 2016 (date of incorporation), the Company allotted and issued 1 share of HK\$0.01 each. On the same day, the Company allotted and issued 9,999,999 shares of HK\$0.01 each.
- (ii) On 9 March 2017, the Company allotted and issued 10,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each upon Reorganisation.
- (iii) Pursuant to the written resolutions of the shareholders of the Company passed on 9 March 2017, 80,000,000 shares were issued by way of capitalisation of an amount of HK\$800,000 standing to the credit of the share of premium account of the Company as stated in share capital as detailed in the Prospectus dated 15 March 2017. The Company's shares were listed on the Stock Exchange and 35,000,000 new shares with a nominal value of HK\$0.01 each were issued to the investors by way of public offering at HK\$2.05 each. Gross total proceeds from the public offering of HK\$71,750,000, before the share issue expenses of HK\$5,420,000, were credited to the share premium account.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

25. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

The Group operates a MPF Scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. Under the MPF Scheme, the Group is required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the scheme vest immediately. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees.

During the year ended 31 March 2017, the total amount contributed by the Group to the scheme and charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income was approximately HK\$552,000 (2016: HK\$567,000).

26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Transactions

	Notes	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Somerley International Limited			
— Rental and other premises expenses	(i)	3,873	6,008
— Management fee income	(ii)	2,191	3,623
Somerley Group Limited			
— Rental and other premises expenses	(iii)	2,711	—
— Management fee income	(iv)	22	—
A director of a fellow subsidiary			
— Introduction expenses	(v)	881	1,604

(i) During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group was charged by Somerley International Limited ("SIL"), a fellow subsidiary, rental and other premises expenses of approximately HK\$3,873,000 (2016: HK\$6,008,000). It is calculated based on the office areas occupied and sharing of common area by the Group. The recharge ceased on 31 October 2016 and replaced by the office sharing agreement with SGL as mentioned in note iii below.

(ii) During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group charged SIL the management fee of approximately HK\$2,191,000 (2016: HK\$3,623,000) as reimbursement of expenses incurred for the senior management, executive oversight and other administrative services as provided to the SIL. The agreement was signed on 1 April 2014.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(a) Transactions (Continued)

- (iii) During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group was charged by SGL, the ultimate holding company, rental and other premises expenses of approximately HK\$2,711,000 (2016: nil) It is calculated based on the office areas occupied and sharing of common area by the Group.
- (iv) During the year ended 31 March 2017, the Group charged SGL the management fee of approximately HK\$22,000 (2016: nil) as reimbursement of expenses incurred for other administrative services as provided to SGL.
- (v) During the two years ended 31 March 2017, the Group entered into a consultancy agreement with a director of a fellow subsidiary, under which the Group agreed to pay introduction expenses in respect of projects introduced by the director of a fellow subsidiary.

SGL is the ultimate holding company of the Company and SIL is a fellow subsidiary of the Company. The transactions were conducted in the ordinary and usual course of business at prices and terms as agreed between the transacting parties.

(b) Balances

Details of the Group's non-trade outstanding balances with related parties are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position and in note 22.

(c) Compensation of key management personnel

Other than the emoluments paid to the directors of the Company, who are also considered as the key management of the Company as set out in note 13, the Company did not have any other compensation to the key management personnel.

The emoluments of the directors of the Company and key executives are determined with regards to the performance of individuals.

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Short-term benefits	9,995	11,690
Share-based payments	2,449	—
Post-employment benefits	36	36
	12,480	11,726

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

27. COMMITMENTS

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000
Capital expenditure in respect of acquisition of property and equipment contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements	1,800	300

28. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

- (a) On 26 April 2016, SGL transferred 955,065 shares of Somerley Capital to employees of Somerley Capital and directors of the Company and the amount of approximately HK\$4,179,000 had been recognised as employee benefits costs in the profit or loss, and the corresponding shareholder's contribution had been recognised in equity. More details are given in note 30.
- (b) Pursuant to the written resolutions of the shareholders of the Company passed on 9 March 2017, 80,000,000 shares were issued by way of capitalisation of an amount of HK\$800,000 standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company as stated in share capital as detailed in the Prospectus dated 15 March 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

29. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

	Note	2017 HK\$'000
Non-current asset		
Investment in subsidiaries		39,380
Current assets		
Amounts due from immediate holding company		80
Prepayments and other receivables		290
Bank balances		54,808
		55,178
Current liabilities		
Amounts due to subsidiaries		91
Other payables and accruals		1,540
		1,631
Net current assets		53,547
Net assets		92,927
Capital and reserves		
Share capital		1,350
Reserves	(a)	91,577
Total equity		92,927

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

29. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Note:

(a) Movement in reserves

	Share premium HK\$'000	Share options reserve HK\$'000	Other reserve (note) HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Issued upon incorporation	—	—	—	—	—
Other reserve arising from group reorganisation	—	—	39,280	—	39,280
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment	—	2,228	—	—	2,228
Issue of shares pursuant to public offering	71,400	—	—	—	71,400
Issue of shares by capitalisation of share premium account	(800)	—	—	—	(800)
Expenses incurred in connection with issue of new shares	(5,939)	—	—	—	(5,939)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the period	—	—	—	(14,592)	(14,592)
At 31 March 2017	64,661	2,228	39,280	(14,592)	91,577

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

(a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

On 19 May 2016, the Company conditionally granted the options under Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (the “Scheme”) to directors, senior management and employees of the Group as the grantees (“Grantees”), pursuant to a written resolution passed on 11 May 2016. Pursuant to the Scheme, in consideration of HK\$1 paid by each Grantee, the Company granted share options to the Grantees. The exercise of these share options would entitle the Grantees to purchase the Company’s share in aggregate of 13,061,735 shares held by Company.

The share option is valid after the listing date of the Company to 10 May 2024. According to the Scheme, not more than 5,524,294 Shares comprised in the options under the Scheme shall vest unto the Grantees and become exercisable with price of HK\$0.28 during the period commencing from the listing date of the Company and ending on expiry of the option period (“1st vesting period”) and the remaining Shares comprised in the options under the Scheme (being not more than 7,537,441 Shares) shall vest unto the Grantees and become exercisable during the period commencing on (i) the date on which the listing date of the Company of the Shares is transferred to the Main Board; or (ii) 1 January 2020, whichever is earlier, and ending on the expiry of the option period (“2nd vesting period”).

The estimated fair value of the options granted on the grant date is approximately HK\$4,485,000. During year ended 31 March 2017, the Group recognised the total expense of approximately HK\$2,228,000 in relation to share options granted by the Company.

The fair value was calculated using the Binomial model. The inputs into the model were as follow:

For the year ended 31 March 2017

Share options granted on 19 May 2016:

Weighted average share price at grant date	HK\$0.54
Exercise price	HK\$0.28
Option life	96 months
Expected volatility	64.92%
Risk-free interest rate	1.32%
Expected dividend yield	0%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (Continued)

Expected volatility was determined by using the average of industry annualised historical stock price volatility.

The Binomial model has been used to estimate the fair value of the options. The variables and assumptions used in the computing the fair value of the share options is based on the director's best estimate. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions.

The valuation has been performed by Greater China Appraisal Limited, who is independent to the Group.

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options held by the Grantees:

	Outstanding as at	Granted during	Exercised during	Lapsed during	Outstanding as at
Outstanding as at 1 April 2016	1 April 2016	the year	the year	the year	31 March 2017
1st vesting period	—	5,524,294	(119,674)	(480,532)	4,924,088
2nd vesting period	—	7,537,441	—	(240,266)	7,297,175
—	—	13,061,735	(119,674)	(720,798)	12,221,263
Exercisable at the end of the year					4,924,088

(b) Transfer of shares of Somerley Capital

On 26 April 2016, SGL transferred 955,065 shares of Somerley Capital (representing approximately 9.6% of the entire issued share capital of Somerley Capital) to Ms. Leung Lim Ng Jenny, Ms. Tam Sze Ka, Mr. Ching David, Mr. Cheng Yat Wai, Mr. Wong C-Tsun and Ms. Chow Chung Yan Stephanie, employees of Somerley Capital, and Mr. Chow Wai Hung Kenneth and Mr. Cheung Tei Sing Jamie, directors of the Company, at a consideration of HK\$2.80 per share of Somerley Capital, payments of which were made on 22 April 2016. The price was determined with reference to the net asset value per share of Somerley Capital as at 31 March 2016. During the year ended 31 March 2017, amount of approximately HK\$4,179,000 had been recognised as employee benefits costs in the profit or loss, and the corresponding shareholder's contribution had been recognised in equity.

(c) Post-IPO Share Option Scheme

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 9 March 2017, a summary of terms and conditions of which are set out in the section headed "Statutory and General Information" in Appendix IV to the Prospectus.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended 31 March 2017

31. LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES

The Company has direct and indirect interests in the following subsidiaries comprising the Group:

Name of subsidiaries	Place and date of incorporation/operation	Class of shares held	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital	Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group		Principal activities
				31 March 2017	31 March 2016	
Somerley Capital Limited	Hong Kong 3 January 2013	Ordinary	HK\$10,000,000	100%	100%	Provision of corporate finance advisory services
Somerley (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands 22 April 2016	Ordinary	HK\$1	100%	N/A	Investment holding

None of the subsidiaries has issued any debt securities at the end of both years.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

For the year ended 31 March 2017

RESULTS

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Revenue	67,901	67,945	78,175
Profit before taxation	128	11,483	21,819
Income tax expense	(2,935)	(2,184)	(3,621)
(Loss) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	(2,807)	9,299	18,198

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	2017 HK\$'000	2016 HK\$'000	2015 HK\$'000
Total assets	102,428	45,314	51,402
Total liabilities	(5,973)	(18,889)	(20,276)
Total equity	96,455	26,425	31,126

Note: The financial information for the years ended 31 March 2015 and 2016 were extracted from the Prospectus. Such summary was prepared as if the current structure of the Group had been in existence throughout these financial years and is presented on the basis as set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.